Gen'l James A Beaver Mch 11

THE REPUBLICAN.

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ALL ROADS LEAD TO THE BIG COUNTY FAIR

Holiday Spirit Pervades Pleasure Seeking Crowds.

PRAISE FOR EXHIBITS

Bewildering Array of Products of Home and Farm—First Races Were Run Yesterday—Big Event Continues Over Tomorrow.

Centre County's big, annual fair is this week under way and for the time being all roads lead to the fair grounds. With the Bloomsburg fair and the firemen's convention at Altoona both in progress this week and bidding high for racing and other attractions, the management of the Centre County fair is to be congratulated on the program presented and the large crowds in attendance.

The exhibits are all that could be desired and in many respects are superior to those of any other year. The races, even though the entries are not so large as in some years, are of a high standard. The order has been faultless and the crowd has represented a large gathering of happy, good-natured people, out for a holiday and thoroughly enjoying it.

With clear weather on Monday the fair grounds took on an appearance of activity. By Tuesday evening all of the exhibition stands, eating houses, etc., had been erected and were occupied. The exhibits of all kinds were in place and registered. The race track had been given a final overhauling and when wtth yesterday came the first big crowd of the week all was in readiness for their entertainment and instruction. The crowd was well pleased with what it saw and today an even greater turnout is expected. The fair continues through tomorrow.

There is so much to see, so many places to visit and such a vast and varied display of excellence in all lines of handicraft and production that one is amply repaid for the trip. Once inside the gates the visitor finds himself in the main driveway, which leads from the big entrance to the grounds to the chief exhibit building, some distance away. Either side is lined with booths and stands while the street itself is thronged with a hustling, bustling crowd of sightseers, most of whom have planned remaining in town until the fair is over.

And it is a typical fair crowd that drifts up and down the plaza. The spirit of the old-fashioned county fair is everywhere in evidence. Tinkling bells of the side show, the barking of the peanut vender and the sandwich man, bands of music enlivening the footsteps of the passersby, the revel of laughter of the care-free, happy throng, and the cheering of the crowds in the racing stands —all blend into a volume of sound that seems so tuneful for the occasion and yet would be discordant and out of place anywhere else than at a fair.

Inside and outside the main exhibition building are displays testifying to the excellence of the wares sold at many Bellefonte stores and also exhibits of persons who have come from other counties to show their lines. To enumerate the many displays is to risk omitting one or more, so numerous are the things on exhibition and all deserving of mention. Taken at random we noticed splendid exhibits of furniture from the stores of W. R. Brachbill and Frank E. Naginey. There are two very fine piano exhibits, one by M. C. Gephart, who has a Bellefonte branch, and the other by J. M. Bunnell, of Johnstown, at one time conducting a store here. At one end of the hall is a pretty display of stoves by W. H. Miller, of Bellefonte, while at the other end is an exhibit of the same line, that of Smith Brothers, of Spring Mills. Still another attractive display is that of Joseph L. Runkle, the plumber.

Outside are larger and more elaborate exhibits. Standing out conspicuously is a grand display of farm implements and machinery, that of John G. Dubbs, the well known and progressive dealer. Another very interesting display of farm implements is that of L. H. Musser, also of Bellefonte. Both exhibits are worthy of special notice and contribute much to the attractiveness of the grounds.

Returning to the main exhibit hall one finds much to please the eye and educate the mind. Testifying to the skill of Centre County housekeepers are hundreds of jars of fruits, preserves and vegetables, all neatly prepared and displayed so tastefully as to bewilder the crowd and bring confusion to the judges who will be called upon to say which are winners of prizes. Equally attractive is

(Continued on fourth page)

NEW BRIDGE PLANNED AT THE BUSH HOUSE

Estimated Cost of Proposed Structure Is About $4500.

DRIVEWAY OF BRICK

To Remove Centre Span and Build Concrete Walks on Either Side of Driveway—Frequent Repairs to Present Bridge Too Costly.

A new bridge over Spring Creek, at the Bush House, in Bellefonte, is planned. The estimated cost of the structure is $4,500.

It is proposed placing a heavy supporting girder in the center of the street frame work and removing the present center span which divides the bridge into two sections. The surface of the bridge, according to the plans, is to be of brick for the driveway and concrete walks on either side. Such a structure, it is believed, will last for many years to come and result in economy as compared with the present cost of frequent repairs.

Several years ago the bridge was repaired at a cost of $800 or $900. Since that time the cost of repairs has been considerable. At present the bridge flooring is in such condition as to make repairs every few weeks a necessity.

The heaviest and greatest amount of traffic in town passes over the Spring Creek bridge, which fact has been taken into consideration in planning for the proposed new structure.

ALLEGED HORSE STEALING

William Bullock, of Port Matilda, Drove Off with L. H. Musser's Team.

After a search of three days, William Bullock, of near Port Matilda, was yesterday arrested at Howard and brought to Bellefonte and lodged in jail, charged with stealing a horse and buggy owned by L. H. Musser, the implement dealer. The police were but several hours behind Bullock on several occasions, only to have him elude them until yesterday.

On Sunday, last, Bullock came to town and while intoxicated he went to sleep in Mr. Musser's stable. When Bullock awoke he proceeded to hitch up Mr. Musser's horse and drove off. Some time later in the day Mr. Musser discovered that his horse and buggy were missing. He notified the police and a search for Bullock was instituted. On Monday a boy delivered the horse and buggy at a lumber camp, near Julian, and Mr. Musser was at once notified. That same night Bullock was in Unionville, where he got his supper. Sheriff Hurley went to Unionville and searched Mrs. Bullock's home, but her husband was not to be found. Bullock and his wife have not lived together for some time.

Readers of "The Republican" will recall Bullock as the man who a short time ago was supposed to have attempted suicide at a campmeeting, near Port Matilda. He was found in an almost unconscious condition and removed to the office of Dr. J. A. Thompson, at Martha. He quickly recovered.

Delightful Birthday Party.

The venerable A. S. Price, of Port Matilda, was the guest of honor at a delightful birthday surprise party on Wednesday of last week. Mr. Price received a number of valuable presents from the old friends and neighbors who assembled to help him celebrate the event, which marked the 79th anniversary of his birth. Among those present were Mrs. Joseph Weston, of Galitzin, Pa., a daughter of Mr. Price; Mrs. T. J. Newman, of Johnstown; Rev. M. N. Ake and wife, Mrs. Jacob Woodring, Mrs. S. R. Woodring Mrs. Estes Woodring, H.H. Osman and wife, William Bennett and wife, Mrs. Susan McKinley. Mrs. A. B. Williams, Mrs. Jacob Moyer, Mrs. G. W. Harpster, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Price, William Price, Mrs. L. A. Thompson, Mrs. A. R. Reese, Mrs. H. A McKinney, Mrs. S. S. Miles. Miss Zenova Miles, Mrs. H. E. Woodring, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Richards, W. W. Shultz and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, the latter of Wilkinsburg.

Taken to Reformatory.

William Nelson, a 15-years-old boy from Philipsburg, was taken to the Huntingdon reformatory, on Saturday, last, by Sheriff Hurley. Nelson recently plead guilty to entering a meat market, at Philipsburg.

Married in Tioga County.

John Breon and Anna M. Weber, both of Rebersburg, were married at East Point, Tioga County, on September 29. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. V. Kuhn, of East Point.

The Merchants' Side of the Story.

There are two sides to everything—that is, everything worth while. This is the other side—or rather a small chapter of the merchants' side—of the relationship between the home merchant and the home patron, especially the farmer.

"The Republican" has been endeavoring, by means of a series of articles, to stimulate a closer relationship between our home merchants and those farmers who, down in their hearts, would rather do their shopping in Bellefonte than any place else but who have for one cause or another drifted into the habit of patronizing the mail order houses in the cities. In what we have said to the merchants our aim has been to urge, them into renewed activity to make the farmers know and feel that they are welcome in Bellefonte and that their trade is wanted and fully appreciated.

Of course our merchants want the farmers' trade and want the farmers to know that they are welcome in Bellefonte. We have been trying to emphasize the importance of having our merchants tell this to the farmers and keep on telling it. The first telling is important but not half so important as to keep telling it. He is a foolish man who allows his wife whom he loves to forget that he loves her. We recall a story once told us by Edgar Burnside, a former Bellefonte boy, now located in Chicago. There was an old man employed at the scale works, then located nearby the Nittany furnace. He was accustomed to carry his troubles to Edgar Burnside. One day, when things at home had not been going any too smoothly, he was relating his woes to Edgar, and the latter asked him how long it was since he had taken the time to kiss his wife and tell her that he loved her. The old employe pondered a bit and finally said that he supposed it was ten or fifteen years, perhaps longer. The question put the old man to thinking and he decided he would give his wife a surprise. As to what happened, his comment a day or two later is self-explanatory:

"I got an awful beatin', Mr. Burnside, 'remarked the old man. "I walks into my house last night and throws my arms around my wife's neck and kisses her and tells her I loved her. Without a word she sails into me and gives me a terrible beatin'. I couldn't make her believe I wasn't drunk."

You see, the man meant well. He loved his wife but he had got out of the habit of telling her he loved her. He deserved all that he got.

So it is with the country trade—the farmer. The merchant should tell him and keep on telling him that he wants his trade. He should advertise his goods in the home newspapers, adjust his business hours to suit the farmer and make the latter feel welcome in Bellefonte.

Thus far in this article we have been standing with one foot in the stirrup. Now to get onto the horse. A good many farmers have drifted into the habit of making their purchases from the large mail order houses in New York, or Chicago or Philadelphia. Several farmers will club together and have their purchases shipped as one order. Their total bill runs anywhere from $15 to $20 or $50. How do they pay for what they buy?

THEY PAY CASH WITH THE ORDER. MAIL ORDER HOUSES DO NOT SHIP GOODS UNTIL THEY ARE PAID FOR.

This is how some of our merchants feel about it and every farmer who buys from mail order houses should think it over. We have and we think well of it. The argument of the merchants is this:

People who buy from the mail order houses do so because they think they are thereby saving money. On some things they save and on others they don't. By the time they have paid freight charges the cost is every bit as large, even though the purchaser at first thinks he is getting a bargain.

But that is only a part of it. The people who spend $15 or $20 or, perhaps $50, at one time at a mail order house, pay cash down. That is the point. The order sent to the mail order house not only calls for a large quantity of goods but is paid for, cash down. It is a different kind of dealing than the same farmers were accustomed to when they patronized home merchants.

Suppose several farmers were to walk into any Bellefonte store, lay down $25 or $50 in cash and ask to compare prices of an order of that size with mail order house prices for the same order, adding to the latter, of course, freight charges, possibly money order charges, an extra trip to the station to receive the goods and the time necessary to assort them among several families.

Isn't it a ten to one shot that the farmers will do just as well, perhaps better, at our home stores than with mail order houses? Try it once and see!

A few days ago a man went to a local merchant and handing him $10 asked him to order a gun advertised by a mail order house. The merchant asked if it were absolutely necessary that the gun be ordered from the mail order house. He was told that it was not, so long as the desired make of gun was secured. The merchant secured the same gun from a dealer and out of the $10 made a profit of $1.75. So that the mail order house makes a profit on all that it sells. Of course it does, or it wouldn't and couldn't remain in business.

Mail order houses advertise what they have to sell and still make a profit on what they sell. They sell their things because they advertise and in a sensible manner. They say what they have to sell and name prices.

Now, if mail order houses find that it pays to advertise why can't Bellefonte merchants see it. The mail order house, knowing that it pays, wants to advertise if it can have the opportunity. The average Bellefonte merchant knows that it pays. He has the opportunity but he doesn't advertise. He never got into the habit of spending money to make money. The merchant who goes through life without advertising, without building up and branching out, probably will die needing a hair cut.

Rummage Sale Cleared $1040.

The rummage sale conducted by the ladies of Bellefonte for the benefit of the Bellefonte hospital netted $1040, or $40 more than the amount predicted when the sale was under way. On Saturday night, when the carnival of bargains was brought to a close, an auction was held. L. F. Roan, of Lemont, the auctioneer, conducted the wind-up hours of the sale in hurricane fashion.

Shipping Apples and Potatoes.

W. H. Macker this week shipped a a car load tof apples and potatoes to western markets. The shipment consisted of 500 bushels of potatoes and 200 bushels of apples.

Removed to Danville.

Sheriff Hurely and County Commissioner Jacob Woodring on Monday took James McMonigal, of Taylor township, to the Danville asylum.

Hospital Notes.

Mrs. Agnes Hunter, Bellefonte, operation.

Mr. Wm. Gardner, cable splicer for Bell Telephone Co., admitted for treatment

Philip Haag, Bellefonte, typhoid fever.

Andrew Sona, Buffalo Run, typhoid fever.

Mrs. Elizabeth Green, Bellefonte, second cook at the Bush House, contusion of the left hip.

John Janyace, discharged, Bellefonte.

At present 10 patients in the hospital.

Boy Predicted His Death.

"I will be dead in a few hours," was the prediction of Donald Crider, when he appeared at the door of his mother's room at 4 o'clock on Monday morning. He suffered a paralytic stroke at 7, and died in a few minutes. He was the 15-year-old son of James Crider, of Miffiintown, and was in good health and spirits as late as Sunday evening.

DEFEATED AT PRIMARIES SCOFIELD BOLTS PARTY

Clearfield Man Is Independent Candidate for Senator.

INSULTS OLD SOLDIERS

After an Honest, Open Contest at Primaries, He Turns Against the Gallant Soldier, Joseph Alexander, Republican Nominee.

Frederick R. Scofield, of DuBois, on Monday filed, at Harrisburg, nomination papers as a candidate for State Senator in the Centre-Clearfield district. Mr. Scofield chooses to enter himself as a candidate of the "Independent Party."

Every true friend of Mr. Scofield must view with regret his ill-advised action. He places himself before the people of Centre and Clearfield counties as one who enters a race, is fairly beaten and then refuses to abide by the decision.

At the primaries there were three aspirants for the Republican nomination for State Senator. They were Philip E. Womelsdorff, of Philipsburg; Joseph Alexander, of Madera, and Mr. Scofield. Mr. Alexander won the nomination. Let us contrast the course pursued by the two defeated aspirants, Mr. Womelsdorff and Mr. Scofield. Mr. Womelsdorff gracefully accepted the result, even though it was a disappointment to him, and frankly declared his determination to aid in the election of his successful rival, Mr. Alexander. Mr. Scofield repudiates the result of a contest that was honestly and fairly waged and comes out as a candidate of a so-called "Independent Party."

Every citizen who loves fair play and manly action will resent with indignation Mr. Scofield's unmanly course. His action now demonstrates that he lacked sincerity when he entered the primaries. He, probably, would be the first man to lift his voice in protest had he won the nomination at the primaries only to find Mr. Alexander or Mr. Womelsdorff now taking the field as an independent candidate.

Mr. Scofield matched his strength against that of a gallant old soldier, and fortunately, it now is proved, the gallant old soldier won out. Mr. Alexander is one of the boys who in the troublous days of the Civil war wore the blue and bravely fought in the defense of his country. He was a member of the famous old Bucktails, than whom a braver set of men never lived. His war record is one of which he, his friends and the Republican party may well be proud. It would be an honor to any party to have Mr. Alexander on its ticket.

As a candidate at the primaries Mr. Alexander was gentlemanly, courteous and always respectful in his references to his rivals, Mr. Womelsdorff and Mr. Scofield. To the editor of "The Republican" he expressed the hope that he would be nominated, but added that he would take off his coat and work, regardless of who should win. Such a fine, noble spirit stands out so conspicuously when compared to that displayed by Mr. Scofield that charity for the latter forbids comment.

What must every old soldier in Centre and Clearfield counties think about Mr. Scofield's course! By his action Mr. Scofield insults every old soldier in the district. They owe it to the honored uniform which Comrade Alexander wears to not only aid in making certain his election but also to so decisively defeat Mr. Scofield that his fate will stand as a warning to others who hold principle so lightly and loyalty in such disdain.

The Republican party has lost Mr. Scofield and for this it is to be congratulated. The pity of it is the party didn't lose him long ago.

His Right Arm Cut Off.

William Butlin, 19 years old, a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Butlin, of Pleasant Hill, near Philipsburg, had his right arm so terribly injured in the coal mines last week that amputation was necessary. He was hurt by a fall of rock. The young man's father was injured several weeks ago, having a foot crushed.

Runville Couple Wed.

Charles W. Rodgers and Miss Myrtle E. Spicer, both of Runville, were married on August 26, at Snow Shoe Intersection. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Zeigler, pastor of the Messiah church.

Points for Hunters.

Bear season, which opened on Saturday, last, continues to January 1. The season for squirrels, pheasant and woodcock opens on Saturday, October 15, and continues to November 15.

148TH REGIMENT HOLDS REUNION AT GETTYSBURG

Robert A. Cassidy Writes Interesting Report of Event.

"BOYS" HAD FINE TIME

Were Guests at Dinner Served by One of Thei rComrades Residing at Gettysburg—Photographed on Historic Battlefield.

"The Republican" is indebted to Hon. Robert A. Cassidy, of Canton, Ohio, who is held in such affectionate esteem by his numerous Bellefonte friends, for the following excellent report of the 148th Penna. Vols., at Gettysburg:

No more delightful reunion of veterans occurred during the recent "occupation" of Gettysburg than that of the survivors of the old "Beaver's 148th," composed largely of Centre county boys, the credit and gratitude for which is, in the main, due to Comrade I. J. Grenoble of Co. I, who has been a resident of the battle town for twenty years. His residence and office—insurance—are in the same building, located on the street leading from the R. R. station to the business center, both of which were profusely decorated with the national colors and conspicuously displayed was a large placard with the legend, "Headquarters 148th P. V.; comrades welcome to the meeting here at 7 o'clock this evening." Nearly every person interested noticed the placard and those who had not were informed of the time and place of meeting by those who had, so that even before the hour named Comrade Grenoble's office was crowded with the old boys and the whole premises resounded with their cordial and boisterous greetings in many cases between those who had not met each other since the war.

An organization was effected by choosing Maj. J. Z. Brown chairman, and R. A. Cassidy secretary, and for a while an informal and rollicking interchange of army lies occupied the activities of the crowd, everybody talking at the same time and so vociferously as to attract the attention of everybody in the neighborhood, who were led to imagine that a "rough house" had been started. This misapprehension was soon corrected by some spectator on the outside proclaiming that there was no row; that the noise was caused by a remnant of the 148th P. V. putting the finishing touches to the job of crushing the rebellion with their jaws.

In the midst of the melee, the offices and hallways being very much crowded, Mrs. Grenoble suggested that the meeting be transferred to their more capacious dining room, entering which the boys were surprised at finding a most delightful collation awaiting them, the product of the generously hospitable thoughtfulness of Comrade Grenoble and his family. After partaking of the refreshments, a semblence of order was effected and a motion tendering thanks to the entertainers was adopted with an enthusiasm that again threatened a disturbance of the peace of the community. A resolution was next adopted that the comrades meet at the regimental "market" on Hancock avenue, near the State Memorial, at 10 o'clock, Tuesday morning, to have a picture taken. Accordingly a large number of the survivors assembled on the ground occupied by the regiment early Thursday morning, July 2nd. 1863, (where our original line of battle was formed), and to which it returned in the evening from the historic wheat field, where its principal losses were sustained, and there remained until the close of the battle.

Notwithstanding the lapse of forty-seven years and the natural impairment of vision and memory, there was substantial accord as to what was done and seen by those present in the actions that occurred there during the fateful 2nd and 3rd of July, 1863.

After submitting with cheerfulness to the exactions of the camera fiends, adjournment was declared to the dedicatory ceremonies, and the comrades who shared the vicissitudes and perils of the campaign which marked the climax of Confederate confidence and valor tearfully separated, never, probably, to meet again until the final reveille shall summon earth's faithful hosts to the re-union that shall know no ending, on the plains of eternal peace.

The following comrades were, with few exceptions, present at roll call Monday evening; others either joining the party on the field or being reported by those who were there:

COMPANY A—S. R. Gettig, Madisonburg; Jesse Long, Henry Meyer, Thomas

(Continude on fourth page.)

NATIONAL PHASE OF STATE FIGHT

Congress and Next Presidency Involved in Result.

The campaign now being waged throughout Pennsylvania and in every congressional district in the Union, is of national scope.

It leads directly up to the presidency. Two years from now we shall be electing a president. This struggle is preliminary. This fact should not be overlooked.

All over the country the Democrats are aroused. They are claiming that in November they will elect a majority in the national house of representatives. They have figured—and they are right in their figures—that if they can but gain thirteen senators they will also control the senate. They already have carried the state of Maine, which means the gain of two representatives and one United States senator. They believe that they can win in New York, in Massachusetts, in Ohio, in Indiana, in a dozen states now aligned with the Republican party.

They are cock sure of the house.

They are cock sure that they will reduce the Republican majority in the senate to a beggarly majority, even if they do not wipe out that majority entirely.

But they are certain, if they fail in getting rid of that majority this time that, two years hence, they will sweep that majority out of existence. Two years hence they expect to elect their president and give him a Democratic congress.

That is the object at which they are aiming, and they have brought the chairman of the Democratic national congressional committee into Pennsylvania to help them to do it.

For they rely upon Pennsylvania to help along the Democratic cause.

It is up to the Republicans of Pennsylvania to say whether they shall receive aid in this great Republican state.

There are two sets of Democrats in Pennsylvania. There are the Berry Democrats, who are running after William H. Berry, the friend, the follower, the disciple of William Jennings Bryan. Mr. Berry wants to be elected governor, but at the same time he asks you to vote for him on the Keystone Party ticket, which carries numerous Democratic candidates for congress and for the legislature.

Vote for Berry on the Keystone ticket and you vote not only for the repudiation of President Taft, for the repudiation of former President Roosevelt, but you vote for Democratic congressmen and for Democratic or assistant Democratic members of the legislature.

And if you vote for Democratic members of the legislature you vote in turn for a Democratic United States senator, and you vote for a combination which will reapportion the state in the congressional districts that additional Democratic congressmen will be elected for years to come.

Mr. Berry heads one set of Democrats—the Bryan contingent. Webster Grim, the leader of the other set of Democrats—the "regular" set—also asks you to elect Democratic congressmen and Democratic members of the legislature. The two Democratic candidates are for themselves when it comes to the governorship. They are for the Democratic party in all other respects.

If you want a Democrat in the executive mansion, and if you want a Democratic congress, and if you want a Democratic legislature, which means in turn a Democratic United States senator and a reapportionment of the congressional districts on a Democratic basis, why by all means vote for Berry or Grim.

FREEZING CAVERNS.

Subterranean Caves That Are Lined With Crystalline Ice.

There are deep cavities and tunneled recesses in the earth far away from sunlight and held in the tight embrace of rocky strata where secret hoards of glittering ice find habitation all the year round. Yet down in these queer places the ice is as clear and chrystalline as any that nature maintains in the open air. Moreover, it occurs on a truly grand and massive scale.

Imagine thick underground ice walls and floors and craftily fissured columns beautiful in shape and color streaming from roof to floor of lofty rock chambers! And under the slow drip, drip, drip of percolating water this same ice learns to fashion itself into cave adornments—frozen water drops, curling slopes, stalactites and stalagmites of fantastic shape and rainbow hues.

Subterranean cold waves, or "glaciers," as they are frequently called, crop up in some 300 scattered localities in Europe, Asia and America, but all, with rare exceptions, whether true ice caverns or grottoes and deep hollows, are confined to the north temperate regions of these continents—that is, to places where there is a sufficiently low temperature at some portion of the year to reach freezing point and render snowfall possible.—Pearson's Magazine.

Two Signs.

"To snuff a candle out accidentally is a sign of marriage."

"Yes, and to turn down a lamp intentionally is a sign of courtship."

One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning.—Lowell.

CENTRE COUNTY STALLIONS

Record of Names and Owners in Bulletin Prepared by State.

In a bulletin, prepared under the supervision of Dr. Samuel H. Gilliland, State Veterinarian, and issued by the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, a complete record is given of all registered stallions in Pennsylvania. The list includes those in Centre County, which are given as follows:

PURE BRED STALLIONS—"Askold" German Coach, License number 268, L. E. Bolopue, Blanchard. "Cacy", Percheron, License number 269, L. E. Bolopue, Blanchard. "Nickabon", Standardbred, License number 297, John H. Detweiler, Centre Hall. "Vigoreux", French Coach, License number 816, French Coach Horse Co., Bellefonte. "Rosemoon", Standardbred, License number 725, Irvin G. Gray, Stormstown. "Crainti", Percheron, License number 424, Percheron Horse Co., Bellefonte. "Bayard", Percheron, License number 364, H. A. Sholl, Fleming. "Voltigeur", Percheron, License number 263, State College Horse Co., State College. McKinley", Percheron, License number 13, R. C. Thompson, Port Matilda. "Galtus", Percheron, License number 220, Valley Horse Co., Rebersburg.

Grade Stallions in Centre County have been registered by the following: Mills Alexander, Julian; T. J. Confer, Howard; William E. Crust, Bellefonte; Ira Curtis, Herrick; John H. Behrer, Waddle; L. C. Brady, Milesburg; L. D. Frazier, Spring Mills; C. S. Garbrick, Zion; David Geary, Spring Mills; A. C. Grove, Bellefonte; J. W. Grove, State College; William C. Grove, State College; H. E. Ishler, Pleasant Gap; William A. Ishler, State College; B. B. Kelley, Port Matilda; T. G. Leathers, Curtin; E. S. Louder, Oak Hall; William Musser, Bellefonte; Charles H. Reining, Bellefonte, Alfred Shawley, Curtin; William W. Shuey, State College: J. C. Sliker, Milesburg; J. A. Spicer, State College; G. A. Spotts, Fleming; Alfred Spotts, Fleming; Charles J. Stover, Woodward; D. G. Wagner, Spring Mills; James A. Way, Fleming; George Weaver, Howard; James Wert, Tusseyville; A. C. Williams, Martha Furnace.

Make the Majority Decisive.

State Chairman Walton and his associates in the direction of the Republican campaign are highly gratified over the enthusiastic reception of Representative Tener and the other candidates on their tour of the State. Mr. Tener and his associates on the ticket have made an excellent impression and have aroused the Republicans of the counties they have visited to a high pitch of enthusiasm. In his speeches Mr. Tener has emphasized the good results of Republican administration in Pennsylvania. He has made it plain that he intends that his administration shall be as satisfactory to the people as that of Governor Stuart. Every fair-minded man in this State will concede that the Republican party has never presented a better ticket than the one before the people this year. The delegates to the Harrisburg convention could not have improved upon the selections they made. The ticket is composed of able and public spirited citizens.

There is not the slightest doubt of Republican success in Pennsylvania this year. Mr. Tener and the other candidates on the State ticket will be elected. This is clear to everybody. But the Republican majority should be so large that it will be impressive. If the Republicans go to the polls they will not only elect the State ticket, they will elect a solid Republican delegation in Congress and a State Legislature that will choose a Republican United States Senator. Then the Keystone State will have done its duty. It will have proclaimed to the country that it stands uncompromisingly by the principles of the Republican Party in State and nation. It will have set a wholesome example in a year when enemies of the Republican Party are active, alert and hopeful.

Hotel-Made Cheese.

"I have a new fad," a pretty woman looked mysterious and wriggled with delight, as related in the New York Evening Sun. "I find I am an instinctive, natural-born dairymaid. And, though I live in what poses as a fearfully swagger hotel, I have a small dairy in my Jacobean cabinet.

"It is the joy of my days. I make cheese and butter, and if that's not surprising, I should like to know what is. Butter, if you please, sweet, saltless, fresh butter, is at this minute stowed away in a tiny ice chest in that hoary cabinet. I make three pounds a week, and it is the most delicious butter that was ever tasted. I buy cream and beat it up with an egg-beater, and as it begins to turn, I get so excited that everything else pales beside this for a genuine event. My cheese is the next most delectable thing, and I have sent to Paris for some of those heart-shaped china molds, and presently my house will be the only one in New York where coeur a la creme can be had.

"Think of that for a distinction. If my dementia increases I shall probably adopt a pink-sprigged muslin and carry a three-legged stool under my arm, but in that case I shall, no doubt, be ousted from the hotel as an entirely made person, so I am trying to keep my new obsession within bounds."

Read The Republican—$1 per year.

Womanly Wisdom.

Gather and burn the rubbish.

"Gently to hear; kindly to judge."

When a mouse gets into the home of a Turk it must have a harem scare 'em look.

A clothes tree on which to hang unfinished garments is a great convenience in a sewing room.

When powdered sugar gets hard, run it through the food chopper. This is an easier way of breaking up the lumps than using a rolling-pin.

In a department store a man is apt to buy the first article shown him—a woman the last; but it takes her a long time to decide which shall be the last.

To thicken gravies for pot roasts or stews, put a piece of brown bread in with the meat. When you go to make the gravy rub it up for the thickening.

Be careful not to fill the kerosene lamp too full. The oil may be drawn up over the top and get on fire and make you trouble,—maybe set the house on fire.

Never leave a trunk lid raised when there are children about. They are naturally inclined to investigate things, and leaning against the trunk to look in may bring the lid down upon them with serious consequences.

Comfort in a cold country house can be gotten from a small log of hard wood which is slowly heated for some hours in the cook-stove oven, and then slipped into a bag of heavy cotton flannel. It has a very pleasant fragrance that is hardly matched by the customary rubber hot-water bag.

Those who intend to dry sweet corn will find the following device a help. Take a piece of planed inch board, about six inches square; drive a sixpenny or eightpenny nail through center and set pan; force cooked cob down on nail, which holds ear in place while being shaved.

I knew a man who thought his wife ought to look his clothes over every night to see if the buttons were all right and no holes in the pockets. And yet, I never heard that he sat up nights thinking of little things he might do to make his wife happier. Lots of 'em he might have thought of! Brethren, let's be ready to give, as well as to take.

There are candies sold in the form of cigarettes, in boxes in imitation of those the real articles are in. I do hate to see little five and six-year-olds with these in their mouths pretending to smoke them. Couldn't you discourage the habit of buying such candies, mothers? When the demand ceases, they will not be made.

Apple butter is made with new unfermented cider. Fill a preserving kettle with fresh cider and boil it down one-half. Repeat this until you have the desired quantity. It is well to do this the day before making the apple butter. To every four gallons of boiled cider allow a half bushel of nice, juicy apples, pared, cored and quartered. Nearly fill a large kettle with cider and put in as many apples as it will cover. Stir it often, and when the apples are soft stir it continuously until they are a pulp. Cook and stir until the butter is dark brown and as thick as marmalade. Add boiled cider if it becomes too thick; and apples, if too thin. It requires no sugar. Spices can be added if liked, but we think it better without them. When cold put in stone jars and cover; it is not necessary to seal them.—*Farm Journal.*

The Broncho "Laid Down."

Jerry Donovan has a broncho that has a way of its own. Saturday of last week Ben. Aikey took charge of the broncho, planning to lead it to his place below Milesburg and "break it." He got as far as Keichline's garage, near the big spring, when the brocho concluded that it had been good enough, especially for one day. With no frills or fuss of any kind, the broncho politely, or rather impolitely, lay down in the middle of the road. Ben. gave it a reproachful look, but the broncho merely blinked his eyes. Passers-by offered all sorts of suggestions and advice, but they cut little figure with the broncho. Finally Tom. Beaver, Dr. Nissley and several other horse experts, were summoned. They held a council of war and then Dr. Nissley's horse sling and a rope and tackle were secured. The rope and tackle was attached to a nearly telephone pole and the sling was strapped about the broncho's body. Several strong hands laid to on the rope and with a mighty heave the broncho was raised several inches from the ground. Several more heaves placed it upon its feet, although so far as the broncho was concerned it was just as well satisfied to stand as to lie down. Even after being placed upon its feet the broncho refused to move.

There was a revival of the volume of advice and suggestions, but the broncho refused to budge until Tom. Beaver and Dr. Nissley crawled into the former's buggy and drove off. As if this was all it had been waiting for, the broncho then calmly started along on its way and arrived at the Aikey farm without further evidence of contrariness.

"It Beats All"

This is quoted from a letter of M. Stockwell, Hannibal, Mo. "I recently used Foley's Honey and Tar for the first time. To say I am pleased dose not half express my feelings. It beats all the remedies I ever used. I contracted a bad cold and was threatened with pneumonia. The first doses gave great relief and one bottle completely cured me." Contains no opiates. Sold by C. M. Parrish

CANARY BIRDS

The Care That Should be Bestowed Upon These Songsters.

Those who are charmed by the singing of the canary will find in the following directions much that will increase the happiness of the songster, provided the hints are heeded.

Place the cage so that no draft of air can strike the bird. Give nothing to healthy birds but rape and canary seed, water, cuttlefish bone and gravel paper or sand on the floor of the cage; no hemp seed; a bath three times a week. The room should not be overheated—never above 70 degrees.

When molting (shedding feathers) keep warm, avoid all drafts of air. Give plenty of German rape seed. A little hardboiled egg mixed with crackers grated fine is excellent.

Feed regularly at a certain hour in the morning. By observing these simple rules birds may be kept in fine condition for years.

For birds that are sick or have lost their song, procure bird tonic at a bird store. Very many keep birds who mean to give their pets all things to make them bright and happy, and at the same time are guilty of great cruelty in regard to perches. The perches of a cage should be each one of a different size and the smallest as large as a pipestem.

If perches are of the right sort no trouble is ever had about the bird's toe nails growing too long, and, of all things, keep the perches clean.

Baby's Teeth.

A baby's first tooth usually appears between the sixth and eight month, although children have been known to go until the tenth month or even the thirteenth without cutting a single tooth. With delayed dentition the teeth are very liable to be irregular. Before the teeth appear the mouth should be washed out carefully at least twice a day with a little water and boracic acid. This is accomplished by winding a little absorbent cotton or soft muslin around the finger, dipping it in the solution and rubbing the finger over the gums.

When the child has cut all its teeth and has reached the age of 2 years or thereabouts it is time to begin using a tooth brush and a very simple powder. The cleansing of the teeth with a brush should be very carefully superintended by the mother at first. The brush should be soft and small, and the child taught exactly how to manipulate it so as not to injure the gums. The brush should be worked up and down and not crosswise, except very gently.

When cavities occur in the first teeth they should be filled to make the teeth last as long as possible. When a child has been very delicate during its first year the first set of teeth are very apt to give trouble, and many little children suffer agonies with toothache. A little cement filling put in by the dentist will preserve the teeth for a while longer and relieve them at the same time. Another cause for early decay in the teeth is candy. Children who are permitted to eat candy constantly nearly always pay for it by having decayed teeth.

No mother should imagine that decay of the teeth is a matter of no consequence. Decayed teeth not only detract greatly from a child's appearance, but their imperfection is very often the cause of improper mastication, which in turn causes indigestion. Therefore everything should be done to preserve the first teeth. If any stains appear on the teeth they should be removed with a flat-pointed stick of orangewood, or they may be brushed with a little precipated carbonate of lime finely powdered. A child should be taught to chew, not only for the good of his digestion, but also for the good of his teeth, and when the milk teeth show signs of decaying the diet should be changed. He should be encouraged to eat green vegetables.

A Generous And Charitable Wish.

"I wish all might know of the benefit I received four your Foley's Kidney Remedy," says I. N. Regan, Farmer, Mo. His kidneys and bladder gave him so much pain, misery and annoyance, he could not work, nor sleep. He says Foley's Kidney Remedy completely cured him. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters builds up sound health—keeps you well.

DOCTORS FAILED. RESTORED BY PERUNA.

Catarrh of the Lungs Threatened Her Life.

Miss Ninette Porter, Braintree, Vermont, writes: "I have been cured by Peruna.

"I had several hemorrhages of the lungs. The doctors did not help me much and would never have cured me.

"I saw a testimonial in a Peruna almanac of a case similar to mine, and I commenced using it.

"I was not able to wait on myself when I began using it. I gained very slowly at first, but I could see that it was helping me.

"After I had taken it a while I commenced to raise up a stringy, sticky substance from my lungs. This grew less and less in quantity as I continued the treatment.

"I grew more fleshy than I had been for a long time, and now I call myself well."

Okra Stewed Spanish Style.

Pare both ends of a number of okra pods and put them over the fire covered with equal quantities of broth and tomato sauce; add salt, pepper and a slice of ham; remember to take into account the saltiness of the ham when adding salt; stew slowly for an hour, or until the pods are tender. Dish the okras, thicken the sauce slightly and pour over them sprinkling with very finely minced parsley.

Certainly You Want the

Best Insurance

You can get for the money. Then see

John F. Gray & Son

for Fire, Accident, Health, Steam Boiler, Employers Liability and Plate Glass Insurance.

OFFICE

Crider's Stone Bl'dg

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Headache?

If it does, you should try Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. Why not do so. They will relieve the pain in just a few minutes. Ask your druggist There are 45,000 druggists in the U. S. Ask any of them. A package of 25 doses costs 25 cents. One tablet usually stops a headache. They relieve pain without leaving any disagreeable after-effects—isn't that what you want?

"My son Frank Snyder has used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for a long time. He never had anything to help him so much for headache. A year ago he came home, and I was down sick with such a dreadful nervous headache. He gave me one of the Anti-Pain Pills, and after while I took another and was entirely relieved. I always keep them in the house now, and gave many away to others suffering with headache."

MRS. LOUISE LEWELLYN,
Powell, South Dakota.

Your druggist sells Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, and we authorize him to return the price of first package (only) if it fails to benefit you.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

A specific for pain—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, strongest, cheapest liniment ever devised. A household remedy in America for 25 years.

Bellefonte Trust Company.

CAPITAL, $125,000.00 - - - - - - SURPLUS, $30,000.00

Call and examine our Savings Department.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee and Assignee.

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Capt. Bogardus Again Hits the Bull's Eye.

This world famous rifle shot who holds the championship record of 100 pigeons in 100 consecutive shots is living at Lincoln, Ill. Recently interviewed, he says:—"I suffered a long time with kidney and bladder trouble and used several well known kidney medicines, all of which gave me no relief until I started taking Foley Kidney Pills. Before I used Foley Kidney Pills I had severe backaches and pains in my kidneys with supression and a cloudy voiding. On arising in the morning I would get dull headaches. Now I have taken three bottles of Foley Kidney Pills and feel 100 per cent better. I am never bothered with my kidneys or bladder and again feel like my own self." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Stops itching instantly. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, tetter, itch, hives herpes, scabies—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

PILES RUDY'S PILE Suppository — A cure guaranteed if you use

Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Davies, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 18 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. D. Matt. Thompson, Dep't

MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

SOLD IN BELLEFONTE BY C. M. PARISH
Call for Free Sample

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA LIME

H-O is hydrated lime for drilling or broadcasting; it gives quick results.

For best results from your land, USE LIME, ordinary lime, fresh forkings or, best of all,

USE H-O

Lime for Chemical and Building purposes.
Crushed limestone, any size, for concreting. & c.
Lime and Limestone for all purposes.
We are the Largest lime manufacturers in Pennsylvania.
Prompt shipment by any Railroad.

Works at Bellefonte, Frankstown, Spring Meadows, Tyrone Forge, and Union Furnace.

American Lime & Stone Company,

Write for literature on Lime and its uses.

Office: TYRONE, PA.

Danderine

Grows Hair and we can

PROVE IT!

DANDERINE is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and velvety softness to the hair, and a few weeks' use will cause new hair to sprout all over the scalp. Use it every day for a short time, after which two or three times a week will be sufficient to complete whatever growth you desire.

A lady from St. Paul writes in substance, as follows:
"When I began using Danderine my hair would not come to my shoulders and now it is away below my hips.

Another from Newark, N. J.
"I have been using Danderine regularly. When I first started to use it I had very little hair, now I have the most beautiful long and thick hair anyone would want to have."

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle.

Danderine enjoys a greater sale than any other one preparation regardless of kind or brand, and it has a much greater sale than all of the other hair preparations in the world combined.

Cut This Out — **Free** To show how quickly Danderine acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this free coupon to the KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO. Chicago, Ill. with their name and address and 10c in silver or stamps to pay postage.

Money Loss Caused by Insects.

A New York business man sent to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, a clipping as to the money loss caused by insect pests, and inquired if the Professor had been correctly quoted. He, also, desired to know whether it is true that many insectivorous birds were killed this year, as the result of spraying trees.

Professor Surface answered the letter thus:

"I have received your letter enclosing the clipping in which I am quoted in an interview with the reporter as stating that the loss to apple growers this year will amount to $1,000,000. From what I can see, and from reports from our inspectors, I am confident that the loss in this State will be even more than that to the apple crop from the codling moth alone. This is an insect that is readily devoured by many birds, such as the nuthatch, woodpecker, the brown creeper, etc., and it has been observed with certainty that where these birds have been encouraged around premises, and especially where the cats have been suppressed, or properly fed so that they will not form the habit of killing birds, the coldling moth pest has been considerably reduced. Of course, I do not wish it to be inferred that our horticulturists can induce birds to fully take the place of the spray pump, but they should preserve the birds as well as practice spraying to preserve their crops.

"In this connection, I wish to add that I do not believe the reports that have been circulated this year to the effect that birds have been killed by spraying. If any person who finds dead birds, and believes they have been killed by the use of arsenical spray liquids, will preserve the stomachs in alcohol and send them to me, I shall have them analyzed for arsenical poisons, which are the basis of practically all spray liquids, and shall report as soon as possible upon the results of such examinations. I do not believe that it can be proven that any birds have been killed or injured by spraying."

Areliablemedicine-Notanarcotic.

Get the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. It is safe and effective. Contains no opiates. Refuse substitutes. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Dilemma of the Married.

"I find this correspondence business," said the traveling man, according to the Baltimore Evening Sun, "a very unsatisfactory thing. I mean this correspondence between any man of impulsive nature and his impulsive wife. For instance, here is a letter four days old from my wife. She says she's having the happiest sort of a time with a lot of very congenial ladies, who like the same games she does—her life at the seaside—and goodness knows the girl deserves it, for she's been laid down mighty close all year.

"Now, that's all right. But a few days ago her letters were wild wails of complaint and worry—nerves only, of course. But they stirred my nerves—a man is always a bear when his wife tells him she's miserable—and I wrote back, intimating with some sarcasm that while Iwas appropriately sorry for her misery I could'nt do anything on earth to alleviate it. I had helped her get to the seashore, was doing the best I could—well, any man knows what I'd write. Now, right in the midst of this happiness of hers this letter of mine will fall like a corpse at a wedding. And when I write again and tell her how happy this letter made me she will be blue all over the one I sent before. Then she'll write me while she's that way, and before I get it she's be happy again, and I'll be miserable and remorseful and repentant when her letter comes and will write her so, and she'll get blue again. It just keeps one of us stirred all the time, while the other is happy, or happy while the other is fussed. It's the worst hitch-kick existence in the world.

"The only way for married people to live is together. They should enjoy the same things at the same time. The other way, even if a fellow is having an enjoyable time, he feels he's only half enjoying it, because the joy is not shared, and if he's in tough straits and a good deal of a baby he feels abused and in need of the right kind of care and jollying."

Good results always follow the use of Foley Kidney Pills. They contain just the ingredients necessary to tone, strengthen and regulate the kidneys and bladder, and to cure backache. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

DO IT NOW

Get our prices on lumber, frames, lath, sash, doors, shingles, flooring, moulding

PAROID ROOFING

Or anything else you need in the building line. You can have our forty-two years experience free and buy what what you want at bottom prices. Anticipating an advance in prices of

SOUTHERN LUMBER

And Pacific Coast Red Cedar Shingles, we bought a large stock and will sell at the present low prices while they last. Odd lots of moulding, sash and lumber at specially low prices.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.

Office, Yard and Mill at Lamb st. Bridge, Bellefonte, Pa.

Woman's World

Little Princess Mary
Her Father's Chum.

PRINCESS MARY.

England will now have three queens, the queen dowager, the new queen and Princess Mary. The latter is the only girl among the six children in the royal household and has long been a pet of the English nation. She celebrated her twelfth birthday on the 25th of last October and is said to be as pretty and lovable a little princess as ever lived outside a book of fairy tales.

Princess Mary was always a great favorite with King Edward, who kept her constantly in his company at Sandringham or Balmoral.

"Mary is as much a boy as the rest of them," her father said once. "She enters into the sports and recreations of her brothers with enthusiasm and can hold her own with them in most games."

Plays Cricket Like Boy.

She can play cricket and boasts of having once "clean bowled" Prince Arthur of Connaught with the first ball she pitched to him. She practically lives in the open air, fishing and boating continually throughout the summer.

Once last summer she and her brothers, Prince Edward and Prince Albert, were boating on the Thames when a skiff containing two Eton boys collided with their boat.

"Why didn't your mother teach you to steer before she let you come out on the river?" said one of the boys.

"Why didn't yours teach you manners?" replied the princess.

In common with her brothers she has been trained to be thrifty and to save the money allowed her. Each of the children receives a stated sum every week, never under any circumstances to be exceeded. In the case of Princess Mary, however, she need never ask for an exceptionally large allowance, for she has a savings account of no small proportions, accumulated by weekly visits to the post-office savings bank. She understands the system, does her own depositing and frequently verifies her account.

Plays Jokes Upon Brother.

While her brother, Prince Edward, now heir apparent, was at the naval college at Osborne she sent him a large, attractive looking parcel. As she had been delving into the mysteries of cooking and sending the products of her skill to her brother, he expected a feast and invited two friends to assist him in disposing of it. When the three of them opened the package, however, all they found was a wax faced doll dressed in the uniform of the Naval academy, bearing a tag in his sister's handwriting, "Isn't He Pretty?"

That the little princess is well educated may be gathered from the fact that her schooling began at the age of four years under a governess. At the age of eight Princess Mary was able to talk fluently with the French ambassador in his own language.

Lessons in the royal schoolroom begin at 7:30 a. m. in the summer and at 8 a. m. in the winter. There is an hour's instruction before breakfast, three hours before noon and two hours in the afternoon. Especial attention is paid to English history, in connection with which study frequent visits are made to the British museum for the inspection of original documents.

A Fashionable Cure.

If one could get well by going off to a fashionable sanitarium and making garden, why couldn't the same pursuit in one's own back yard prove as beneficial to the health and more so to the purse? Doubtless it would, but as with all remedies that cost little it is hard to convince some people of their value.

"Gardening as a curative pastime," says an exchange, "is the newest idea, introduced by the head of a fashionable sanitarium for nervous women, and each patient has her own particular plot to look after. She is even given the task of spading up the ground and is expected to spend a certain part of each day cultivating it regardless of the weather. On clear days, after the garden hour, the entire force of fair women is supposed to turn out and rake and burn leaves and fagots as another way of playing amateur farmers."

Baby's Irish Lace Cap.

Bonnets for tiny babies are made of baby Irish crochet and cut like Dutch caps.

They are mounted on an undercap of padded crepe de chine.

The Irish lace is threaded with tiny satin ribbons of blue or rose color, and a big cabbage-like rosette is fastened at each side where the cap strings run.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder William Brown has recorded the following real estate transfers in the last week:

Charles T. Fryberger et ux to J. O. Reed, September 14, 1910, tract land in Rush township; $3,800.

Thomas Foster et al to J. B. Krebs, April 1, 1910, tract land in State College; $300.

Bridget Kerin, heirs, to William Kerin, August 22, 1910, tract land in Snow Shoe township; $1.

R. M. Emigh et al to Wilbur G. Gore, September 15, 1910, tract land in Rush township; $150.

A. C. Iddings to Thomas Swyers, September 23, 1910, tract land in Boggs township; $1.

James J. Mitchell to Mary H. Thompson, September 23, 1910. tract land in Patton township; $250.

L. H. Krebs et al D. C. Krebs at al, April 1, 1909, tract land in Ferguson township: $11,017.50.

H. M. Limbert et ux to W. W. Hockman, April 1, 1910, tract land in Miles township; $1,337.50.

W. W. Hockman et ux to Ezra Breon, May 2, 1910, tract land in Miles township; $325.

W. W. Hockman et ux to C. C. Smull, May 2, 1910, tract land in Miles township; $775.

W. W. Hockman et ux to Elias Breon, May 2, 1910, tract land in Miles township; $238.

Joseph Cowher to Abel O. Cowher, September 26, 1910, tract land in Worth township; $1,300.

G. C. Hosterman et ux to Theodore D. Boal, September 15. 1910, tract land in Harris township; $200.

M. V. Showalter et baron to F. S. Brumbaugh, August 2, 1910, tract land in Philipsburg; $3,000.

Horse Judging Contest.

In connection with the Third Annual Horse Show at State College, October 9, 1910, a Horse Judging Contest for boys between fifteen and twenty years of age, living within fifteen miles at State College, will be held.

Three influential citizens have offered the following prizes to the winners:

First Prize—Scholarship to Winter Course, amounting to $75. This includes all expenses necessary to completion of twelve weeks' course.

Second prize—Scholarship to "Farmers Week," with expenses paid.

Craig's "Live Stock Judging.

Plumb's "Breeds of Live Stock."

Annual Subscription to the "National Stockman & Farmer" and to the "Breeders' Gazette."

Third Prize—Craig's Live Stock Judging"

Annual subscription to the "National Stockman and Farmer" and to the "Breeders' Gazette."

Every boy living within the district should endeavor to take advantage of this opportunity for gaining a twelve weeks' course at State College free of charge.

For further information write W. A. Cochel, Secretary, State College, Pa.

New President at Gettysburg.

Justice J. Hay Brown of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has accepted an invitation to preside at the inauguration of Dr. William A. Granville as president of Gettysburg College on October 20. Justice Brown is an alumnus of the college.

The responses to the invitations which have been sent to all of the alumni of the institution and to the other similar colleges and universities in the eastern states indicate that an enormous crowd will attend the event and fill to its capacity the big tent which will be erected for the ceremonies. Already special trains have been arranged for to bring the crowds to Gettysburg and to get them out of town on the night of inauguration day after the festivities are over.

Following the collation which will be held in the afternoon after the close of the inauguration a big football game between Gettysburg and Lebanon Valley colleges will be played and this in itself will be one of the features of the several days which will be taken up with the installation of the former Yale professor as head of Gettysburg College.

Hanoverian Steak.

There are two other forms of steak similar to Hamburg, and excellent for a change. The first is called Hanoverian steak. To prepare it, chop a piece of lean beef—about a pound and a half of the sirloin, if convenient.

Grind it exceedingly fine in a meat grinder. Add a tablespoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of pepper. Form the meat into six flat cakes, rub them with melted butter and broil four minutes on each side. Put 1 ounce of butter in a frying pan on the stove, add half a cupful of finely chopped onion and cook without browning for six minutes. Then add four large tomatoes peeled and cut into small pieces. Season highly with salt and pepper, using about one-half teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper. Also add half a teaspoonful of sugar and cook ten minutes. After arranging the steaks on a platter, pour the sauce over them and serve.

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE
FOR STOMACH TROUBLE and CONSTIPATION

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Professional Cards.

Harry E. Fenlon,
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Practice in all the courts and collections promptly attended to. Office, Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW

What a Heap of Happiness it Would Bring to Bellefonte Homes.

Hard to do housework with an aching back.

Brings you hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause—that Backache pains come from sick kidneys,

'Twould save much needless woe.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Bellefonte people endorse this:

Mrs. H. I. Taylor, 72 S. Water St., Bellefonte, Pa. says: We think just as highly of Doan's Kidney Pills today as we did two years ago, when we publicly recommended them. They were procured fromGreen's Pharmacy Co. and brought relief from backache and kidney trouble. On several occasions since we have taken Doan's Kidney Pills and they have always been of the greatest benefit. We think so highly of Doan's Kidney Pills that we recommend them to other kidney sufferers at every opportunity."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

For More Than Three Decades.

Foley's Honey and Tar has been a household favorite for coughs, colds, and ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. Contains no opiates. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

For a mild easy action of the bowels, a single dose of Doan's Regulets is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.

Central R. R. of Penna. Train Schedule.

Leave,
Bellefonte for Mill Hall. 7:05 A. M., 2:20 and 6:55 P. M.

Leave,
Mill Hall for Bellefonte, 8:33 A. M., 3:56 and 8:35 P M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after Monday, Jan. 25th, 1909 trains will run as follows from the P. R. R. station.

TRAINS TO STATE COLLEGE.

WESTWARD.	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.
Lv. Bellefonte	‡ 6.29	‡ 10.15	‡ 2.09
Coleville	6.35	10.20	2.07
Morris	f 6.38	.....	f 2.12
Stevens	f 6.43	.....	f 2.17
Hunters Park	f 6.46	.....	f 2.21
Fillmore	f 6.50	f 10.34	f 2.26
Briarly	f 6.55	.....	f 2.32
Waddles	7.00	10.45	2.35
Krumrine	f 7.12	.....	f 2.50
State College	7.25	11.10	3.20
Strubles	f 7.27	.....	.....
Bloomsdorf	f 7.31	.....	.....
Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.40

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. "f" Stop flag.

TRAINS FROM STATE COLLEGE.

EASTWARD		2 A. M.	4 A. M	
Lv.	Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.20
	Bloomsdorf	f 7.40	.....	.....
	Strubles	f 7.45	.....	f 3.30
	State College	8.00	11.50	5.00
	Krumrine	f 8.07	.....	f 5.07
	Waddles	8.20	12.10	f 5.25
	Briarly	f 8.24	.....	f 5.30
	Fillmore	f 8.28	12.18	f 5.35
	Hunters Park	f 8.31	.....	f 5.40
	Stevens	f 8.35	.....	f 5.43
	Morris	f 8.37	.....	f 5.47
	Coleville	8.40	12.30	5.50
Ar.	Bellefonte	8.50	12.50	6.00

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with trains No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte to points east and west.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.
A Safe, Certain Relief for Suppressed Menstruation. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the
UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Bellefonte by C. M. Parish

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS

for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley's Kidney Pills purify the blood, restore lost vitality and vigor. Refuse substitutes.

For sale at C M Parrish Drug Store

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., October 6, 1910.

CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed., & Pub.

Subscription rate, $1 a year, strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The Republican and the New York Tribune Farmer, $1.50 a year in Advance.

— Advertising Rates. —

One Column, 1 year.....$100
One Half Column, 1 year..... 60
One Quarter Column, 1 year..... 35
Legal Notices (if no special contract exists) 10 cents per line, each insertion, nonpareil measure.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
John K. Tener, of Washington.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
John M. Reynolds, of Bedford.
STATE TREASURER,
Charles Fred. Wright, of Susquehanna.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
Henry Houck, of Lebanon.
FOR CONGRESS.
Charles E. Patton,
of Clearfield County.
FOR STATE SENATOR.
Joseph Alexander,
of Clearfield County.
FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.
J. C. Meyer,
of Bellefonte.

Mr. Berry'a Weakness.

When a man enters a race or contest of any kind, he enters it to win. If he believes that he has a chance of winning he never thinks of dropping out. The man who drops out, or who is willing to drop out, knows that he is beaten. He quits because he sees his finish.

It has for some time been apparent to pretty nearly everybody in the State that William H. Berry doesn't stand a ghost of a show to be elected Governor. In his touring of the State Mr. Berry also came to a full realization of how futile is his candidacy on the Keystone party ticket. Hoping to find a way to withdraw him from the field, and with Mr. Berry apparently very willing to be withdrawn, a committee of his supporters in Philadelphia proposed that both he and Mr. Grim, the regular Democratic nominee, step down and out and that a new man be put up for Governor and on a fusion ticket. Mr. Berry jumped at the chance to quit. He issued a public statement saying that he was ready and willing to withdraw. Mr. Grim, however, refused to be a party to the plan of the Berryites, and the fusion scheme fell through.

Mr. Grim is to be severely censured for upsetting Mr. Berry's pretty program to save himself further embarrassment and the Keystone managers further expense. Of course, Mr. Grim did simply what any man with red blood in his veins would have done. He clearly saw through the Berry scheme and very sensibly refused to be a party to it. Any man not entirely blind could not have failed to see through the shallow proposition. Mr. Berry's penalty is that he must continue as a candidate, whether he wants to or not. He knows that the jig is up but must go ahead with the farce. He is all the weaker since the collapse of the trick of his own managers to get him out of the way and stop the heavy drain on their campaign fund treasury. Contributions to the Keystone party have been small and few and far between. Campaigns are costly things, whether founded on principle or on spite-work. Where people are interested in a movement or cause they contribute toward its support. The fact that they have not contributed liberally toward the Keystone party project would seem to be pretty good evidence that they are not much interested in it; at least, not tremendously excited over it.

While the Keystone party campaign has thus far been waged chiefly on hot air, more or less money is needed to keep the wheels going. The campaign yet two months to run and knowing that defeat in November is certain, the Keystoners were desperately anxious to end the misery, also the expense, have Mr. Berry withdraw, effect fusion and be able to congratulate themselves that matters were not any worse. However, Mr. Grim ended all their hopes in this direction when he cruelly refused to help Mr. Berry out. Quite naturally, in their judgment, Mr. Grim is a very mean man. He is about the meanest man, they think, who has emerged from the Allentown convention, barring possibly a certain person who congratulated Mr. Grim on his nomination and then took the field against him.

One cannot stand off and view the troubles in the Democratic household without congratulating himself that he is a Republican. Mr. Tener, the Republican nominee for Governor, has been conducting a dignified, masterly campaign. The petty squabbling of the Democrats but emphasizes the need of electing him to succeed Governor Stuart. Republicans everywhere in Pennsylvania are afforded a fine opportunity to sit back and laugh while the Grim Democrats and the Berry Democrats tear each others hair.

Meanwhile, one is compelled to smile in his sleeve as he contemplates the feelings of certain Centre Countains who last week issued an "address to the public" in Mr. Berry's behalf and then picked up the Philadelphia and Pittsburg newspapers that same day to learn that Mr. Berry had thrown up the sponge and was asking to be carried out of the ring.

Interesting Story of an Interesting Man.

The campaign for the election of a new Congressman from the Twenty-first District is under way. The district is composed of Centre, Clearfield, Cameron and McKean counties. The Republican nominee is Charles E. Patton, of Curwensville. He is an interesting man and this is an interesting story of his career. His worst enemy, if he had one sufficienlly antagonistic to him to be characterized as "worst," could not even hint that Charles E. Patton was not an upright and honest man. He has the quality that wins admiration from the men who know him, and respect from all those with whom he comes in contact, both in a business way and socially.

Mr. Patton is of a family that was early settled in Philadelphia and whose men took prominent part in the affairs of the State and of the Nation. His great-grandfather, General John Patton, came to this country from Ireland in 1765 and settled in Pennsylvania. He was Colonel of the Sixteenth Continental Regiment of Pennsylvania during the Revoluntionary War and contributed 2,000 pounds sterling towards the support of the colonial forces. He moved to Centre county in 1789 and in 1791 he built Centre Furnace in partnership with Colonel Miles, the founder of Milesburg. He was a Major General of the Pennsylvania Militia at the time of his death in 1804. His son, Captain John Patton, was an officer in the United States Navy up to the time of his resignation in 1810. He settled in Centre County and engaged in business at Tussey Furnace. In 1817 he moved to Tioga County, where he became the first Prothonotary of the county. In 1826 he moved to Lawrence Township and died in Curwensville in 1848. His son, General John Patton, the father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Tioga County. In 1852 he was a delegate to the Whig National Convention that nominated General Scott for the Presidency, and in 1860 he was a member of the convention that made Abraham Lincoln the standard bearer of the Republican party. In the same year he was elected a Congressman from the Twenty-fourth district and carried Clearfield County, which was then Democratic, two to one. In 1886 he was elected to Congress from the Twentieth District in the face of an adverse majority of 3,000.

Mr. Patton, of whom we write, was born in Curwensville, where he now resides, July 5, 1859. He received his early education in the common schools of his native place and later attended Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport. He started business as a dry goods merchant but later he branched out in various lines and won general success in business. He took farming as an avocation and was so successful that he was admitted to the Grange and became one of its most valued speakers. His experiments in farming have been of great importance. Mr. Patton also dealt in coal and lumber, but his greatest business success has been in the engineering and contracting line. He started this business in a small way and it grew apace until now he is one of the largest contractors of his kind in the State. He employs a great many men and it is said of him that he has never had a strike nor a serious dispute with his employees. He is fair in his dealings with the men who work for him and besides being just and fair he takes a very active interest in their general welfare.

Mr. Patton is identified with many of the most important business ventures of the community in which he resides. He is prominent in banking circles, is a stockholder in the Curwensville Light and Power Company, the Avenue Theatre Company, of DuBois, Pa., and is connected with many other enterprises having to do with the public service.

Mr. Patton has always been an ardent Republican, following the footsteps of his father, who was one of the first members of that party. His election is considered a foregone conclusion.

148th at Gettysburg.

(Continued from page one.)

Royer, Charles Bierly, Rebersburg; Nathaniel Boob, Millheim; James F. Corman and Manasses Gilbert, Rebersburg.

COMPANY B—Constance Barger, James Barger, Curtin.

COMPANY C—Christ Lowry, State College; James Knox, Bellefonte; David W. Shivery, Stormstown, Pa.; Amos Garbrick, Bellefonte; Lemuel Osman, State College.

COMPANY D—Nathaniel Brown, Spring Mills; Luther Kurtz, Mifflinburg; Daniel H. Harter, Sterling, Ohio.

COMPANY E—Samuel Shilling, Ringgold, Pa.; John Shall, Dayton, Pa.; Henry Rabuck, Sprankle's Mills, Pa.; E. V. Richards, Brookville, Pa.; John Milliron, Pueblo, Pa., Jos. C. Speedy, Creek Side, Pa.; C. M. Law, Punxsutawney, Pa.

COMPANY F—Samuel Stair, Newport, Pa.; William Lucas, Philipsburg, Pa.; Wm. Cares, Williamsport, Pa.; I. P. Leightly, Yeagertown, Pa.; Wm. Mackey, Altoona, Pa.

COMPANY G—John Stewart, State College, Pa.; Dave Miller, Pine Grove Mills; Pa.; R. H. Patterson, Fernlock, Ohio; James P. Shoop, Canton, Ohio; James A. Thompson, Port Matilda.

COMPANY H—Robt. Hudson, Philipsburg, Pa.; P. Farnsler, Port Matilda, Pa.; H. Richards, Hicks Run, Pa.; Herman Miller, Bellefonte; Joseph Harpster, Port Matilda.

COMPANY I—J. M. Davis, Wilson-Smith, Lew Cobb, Brookville, Pa.; I. G. Grenoble, Gettysburg, Pa.; Jubiel Pasbinder, Brookville, Pa.; Joseph A. Arthurs, Strattonville, Pa.; J. W. McDermott, Brookville, Pa.; Richard Snyder, Corsica, Pa.; S. Swimefort, Brookville, Pa.

COMPANY K—E. F. Keyes, Rimertown, Pa.; S. H. Sloan, Ashland, Ohio; Maj. J. Z. Brown, New Bethlehem, Pa.; G. F. Wyant, New Bethlehem, Pa.; J. M. McCormick, Lime Stone, Pa.

Samuel S. Musser, Q. M., Scranton, Pa.; R. A. Cassidy, P. M., Canton, Ohio; William Harpster, P. M., Houtzdale, Pa.

MAHER STOCK CO.

Big Aggregation Will be at the Garman All Next Week.

What is said to be the best stock company in America will next Monday begin a week's—except Wednesday—engagement at the Garman Opera House. After their long engagements in Chicago, Detroit and Philadelphia, they are making a tour of a few cities in this vicinity, Bellefonte being among them. Of this attraction, the Danbury, Conn., News of recent date spoke in most flattering terms. Seats on sale Saturday.

Read The Republican—$1 per year.

The Big County Fair.

Continued from page one.

the display of candies and pastry, each entry holding out temptation to the visitor. Of surpassing beauty is the display of fancy work, which rivals the most elaborate collections of the largest stores and importers in the cities. Arranged with so much taste across the far end of the hall each entry seems to be a prize winner as it momentarily holds the attention of those in the ever-moving, endless crowd. Down the centre of the great hall is a table, hidden beneath a profusion of beautiful and fragrant flowers, with here and there peeping out a case filled with the rarest of china and glass. Adding novelty to the varied display is an antique shaving set, carved by hand by James Foreman, of Bellefonte, whose work in this line is such as to merit much praise. Pretty girls and handsome matrons are in charge of the several booths, thus lending grace and beauty to a scene already so entrancing as to compel the admiration of all.

To stroll about the grounds is to find something of interest on all sides. The display of livestock is in itself a feature of first importance. In the fruit exhibit hall are hundreds of entries that excite the wonderment of the visitor. Apples of all kinds, peaches and other fruits, potatoes so large as to prompt one to feel them to prove that they are real, and, in fact, everything else that one would think of as coming from the orchard, or farm—each article worthy of exhibition and sharing in the words of praise bestowed upon the unknown owners; that is, unknown so far as the visitor is able to tell.

Just as do all roads lead to the fair so, once inside the grounds and through the inspection of the many things to be seen, do all avenues seem to wind their way to the race track and the big grandstand opposite the judges stand. With the races as an additional attraction the afternoon crowds have, of course, exceeded the morning attendance. The first races were held yesterday. Today and tomorrow equally good cards are booked. Yesterday's races resulted as follows:

SPECIAL—2.14

1. Little Babe Co. G	2	1	2
2. Bob O'Roll	4	3	4
3. Phlete Medium	1	4	1
4. L. T. B.	3	2	3

Time—2.21¼, 2.21¼, 2.21.

SPECIAL—2.30

1. Nettie B.	2	2
2. Coast Medium	1	1
3. Miracle	4	4
4. Kaul Mont	3	3

Time—2.29, 2.26.

Neither of the above races was finished, owing to rain. Both races will be finished at 1.30 o'clock today, before the races originally scheduled for today.

Marriage Licenses.

Morris Houser,	Philipsburg
Catherine Conrad,	"
Orlando Wade,	Gearhartville
Margaret Whitten,	Philipsburg

SECOND WEEK OF COURT

Civil List Included Quite a Few Cases of General Inteeest.

Court convened on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, and after hearing some motions and petitions, the first case taken up was Edward R. Chambers vs. Joseph Weist, being an appeal and certified over from last week's list. Counsel for the plaintiff in opening the case to the jury inadvertantly made some remarks which were not proper in the opening of a case, and on motion of counsel for the defendant the Court withdrew a juror and continued the case at the costs of the plaintiff.

Edith White vs. J. A. Hazel, James S. Carson and Clement Dale, being a feigned issue to try the title to some personal property levied upon as the property of Samuel White and claimed by the plaintiff. Counsel for the plaintiff admitted in open court that they could not sustain the title, and a verdict was taken in favor of the defendants.

George C. Williams and George R. Roan, late trading as Williams and Roan vs. Mary E. Martin, administratrix of etc. of John Martin, late of Benner Township, deceased. This is an action in assumpsit to recover a balance due on casket after $29 had been paid on account. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $16.

D. H. Shivery, Admr., of Sallie E. Gray, deceased, vs. Ella M. Gray and G. Oscar Gray, Admrs. of John F. Gray, deceased. This is an action of assumpsit brought to recover on a note given by the defendant, John F. Gray, in his lifetime. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $685.75.

First National Bank of State College vs. same. This is an action of assumpsit to recover balance on note given by decedent in his lifetime for $800. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $460.

Ella M. Gray vs. same. This is an action of assumpsit brought to recover on two notes of $200 and $400, respectively, given by the decedent in his lifetime. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $613.82.

D. F. Judge guardian ad litem of Myrtle J., Florence E., and Spence J. Gray, minor grandchildren of G. W. F. Gray, deceased, vs. same. Being an action of assumpsit brought to recover on several notes given by the decedent in his lifetime to the plaintiff decedent. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for 386.52.

Comm. of Penna. ex rel W. W. Rachau, now use of Ellis L. Orvis and Clement Dale, vs. Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, Admrs. of C. M. Bower, deceased, with notice to Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, heirs and legal representatives of C. M. Bower deceased, as terre tenants, and also with notice to Mildred C. Richards, Sarah M. Richards, Mary Emerick, Edgar Holt, William Witmer Sons Company, and the Laurelton Lumber Company as terre tenants of the said C. M. Bower and Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, Admrs. of said C. M. Bower deceased. This being an action of Sci. Facias Sur Judgment to revive and continue the lien thereof. This case as well as the one following were special to Judge Orvis but heard by consent of both parties. Plaintiff suffered a voluntary nonsuit for all of the terre tenants save the Admrs. and the heirs and legal representative of C. M. Bower, deceased. Verdict against the C. M. Bower estate for $312.58.

Comm. of Penn. ex rel A. A. Dale, guardian of Domer C. Rachau, the said Domer C. Rachau being a minor child of Elizabeth Rachau deceased now to the use of Ellis L. Orvis and Clement Dale vs. same. Plaintiff suffered a voluntary nonsuit as to all terre tenants, and verdict taken against the C. M. Bower estate for $311.25.

W. H. Williams, sole acting administrator of Aaron Williams, deceased, vs. C. M. Bower estate. Verdict $217.88.

Samuel vs. same. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff of $257.62.

Thomas C. Skelton vs. Harry Washburn, assumpsit; off of the list.

I. J. Dreese, Admr. of etc. of J. B. Ard, deceased, vs. J. N. Everts; continued.

Thomas Poorman, Jennie Grover and Arthur Grover, her husband, Margaret Lucas and Samuel Lucas vs. Harry Kessling, William Kessling, and Albert Kessling, being an action in trespass from Boggs Township and brought to recover damages. Verdict on Tuesday morning in favor of the plaintiff for $25.

Penn Chemical Company, a corporation, vs. Henry Kline, Fred Reese, Mary C. Ammerman and Nancy J. Ammerman, being an action in trespass brought to recover damages. This case was from Bellefonte and when the case was last on the trial list at last term all the record papers were missing and an order made that new pleadings should be filed. Since the filing of the new statement the original papers have been discovered and the defendants before the jury was sworn moved the Court for continuance on account of variance in the pleadings. The amendment to the original statement as well as the statement filed by order of the Court omitted the first two named defendants. Plaintiffs moved the Court to amend the record by striking off Henry Kline and Fred Reese as defendants, whereupon the other two defendants plead surprise and the cause is continued at the cost of the plaintiff.

Agnes M. Grove, vs. William L. Grove, Executor of Nathan Grove, deceased, being an action of assumpsit to recover on a note. There being no defense, verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $855.39.

Cases tried last week, too late for publication in "The Republican", follow:

Comm. vs. Morris Yeager, prosecutor Abe Baum, indicted for larceny. This case is from Bellefonte and grows out of a circumstance occuring at the Haag Hotel on the evening of June 29, 1910, where the defendant picked up a $20 bill in the room back of the bar room and at or near the chair upon which the prosecutor had sat a short time before. Verdict on Thursday morning of guilty with recommendation of extreme mercy of the Court.

Comm. vs. John Parnie, John Basalla, Steve Basalla, George Basalla, indicted first count assault and battery, second count aggravated assault and battery, third count feloneous assault with intent to maim and disfigure. Prosecutor Mike Botson. This case is from Snow Shoe Township, in the vicinity of Clarence, and grows out of an altercation or alleged difficulty on the first day of April, last. Verdict on Friday morning of guilty on the first and second count, the Court having nol. prossed the third count. Motion made for new trial.

Mary Reix was then called before the Court and sentenced under the verdict to costs of prosecution and a fine of $5.

The Register offered his accounts as filed in sundry estates and the same were approved nisi.

At this point the grand jury made their report, in substance that they had passed upon fourteen bills, thirteen of which they found to be true bills and one ignored, and further that they had examined and inspected the county buildings and that they found the County Jail in a clean, sanitary condition, and in good repair, with the exception of the rear cell over the dungeon, and recommended the repair thereof, and that the walk leading from the Court House to the Jail be put in a passable condition, and further report that they had inspected the Court House and as far as finished found the same in splendid shape.

A Card of Appreciation.

Mrs. J. G. Hess, of Pine Grove Mills, desires, in this manner, to convey her deep appreciation of the assistance rendered by her many friends during the time of her recent bereavement.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mrs. Alice Cain departed yesterday for an extended visit with her daughters, in Altoona.

The Bellefonte Academy football eleven will meet the strong Dickinson Seminary team, at Williamsport, on Saturday, next.

Joseph Brothers & Company desire to express their appreciation of the large patronage on the occasion of their fall millinery opening. They announce that the business done was the largest in the history of their big store. It pays to advertise.

Contractor Lew Wallace figures that the contract to erect a large building for the Pennsylvania Railroad shops, at Renovo, will keep him in the railroad town for two or three months. Lew was awarded the contract by the Pittsburg Construction Company. The building will be of brick.

The work of completing the new State road, on Linn Street, between Spring and Allegheny Streets, has been held up by the fact that Contractor Taylor has no asphalt on hand. It would have required but a small quantity of asphalt to complete the road, as far as Allegheny Street, but the one car on hand was exhausted and another car, ordered some time ago, has not arrived.

Penny-A-Word Column.

LOST—Between Spring Mills and Pine Grove Mills, a three-quarter light weight gray overcoat. Finder will kindly return to R. E. Hettinger, Spring Mills, Pa.

For Sale—1 good dwelling house; horse, buggy and harness, 1 colt, four months old; 1 pair computing scales; 1 self measuring oil tank, capacity 120 gals.; 1 good room stove, base heater. Toner A. Hugg, Milesburg, Pa.

Farm for Sale—Located 2½ miles west of Julian; 140 acres; good buildings; spring water piped into house and barn; land has been limed and is in good state of cultivation; $500 worth of timber on land; free delivery; schools handy and good markets; will exchange for house and lot and make balance in easy payments. David Henderson, Julian, Pa. 9-28-3t. X

Florida Lands—Earn 70 A. Florida Home near Jacksonville, and $1760.00 Cash. Organize 15-40 A. each $600.00 Farm Club; ⅓ cash, balance 1, 2 years 6 per cent. Further particulars, List & Hubbard, Centralia, Ill. 10-6-2 t x

GIRL WANTED—Young girl wanted for general housework and live at home at night. Inquire Dr. E. S. Dorworth, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Boy Wanted.

A boy 18 or 19 years wanted to drive grocery wagon. Inquire of E. I. Gillen, Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Markets.

Corrected by the John Meese store.

Eggs, per dozen	.25
Butter, per pound	.25
Lard, per pound	.15
Tallow, per pound	.04
Potatoes, per bushel	.50
Onions, yellow, per bushel	.60

Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected by Gamble, Gheen & Co.

Wheat, white or mixed	.90
Wheat, red	.95
Corn, shelled (per bu.)	.70
Corn, ears, (per bu.)	.70
Oats, (per bu.)	.35
Rye, (per bu.)	.65
Barley, (per bu.)	.60
Buckwheat, (per bu.)	.50

Pennsylvania State Normal School

The success of its graduates is the final proof of its practical efficiency. To give thorough training for **life** is our aim.

Our 37th Year Begins September 13th

Every modern convenience including passenger elevators for girls. Healthful location. Christian influences. Review and full Courses for Teachers. Splendid Conservatory of Music. Strong Commercial Department. Co-educational. Write for beautifully illustrated catalog—it is free.

DR. JAMES E. AMENT, PRINCIPAL, INDIANA, PA.

DEPOSIT WHAT YOU LIKE WHEN YOU LIKE

We give you a personal invitation to make this bank your depository—whether you have a small sum or a large one to lay aside for safe keeping. You will find a bank account is a good thing.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Capital $100,000. Surplus $125,000.

The County at a Glance.

Howard.

Funeral services over the remains of Anthony Wayne Gardner were held in the Disciple church, opposite his late home, in Howard, Saturday morning, last. Services were conducted by Rev. Delmont, of Canton, Pa., assisted by Rev. Bureher, of Mill Hall. A large number of admiring friends were in attendance. Mr. Gardner was one of the oldest and most respected citizens of the town and was a lifelong resident of the community, having been born a short distance from town just eighty-three years and one day previous to his death. Throughout his lifetime he was a member of the Disciple church and was always an exemplary member. Surviving him are his second wife, two sons, Austin, of Renovo; Girard, of Lock Haven, and three sisters, Mrs. Arabella Wilson, of Vineland, N. J.; Mrs. Almeda Ziegler, of Renovo, and Mrs. Rena Diehl, of Howard. Also one brother, William, of Blanchard, and one sister, Mrs. Williams, of Portland Mills.

The members of Lick Run Lodge I. O. O. F. and the Magdalene Rebekah Lodge of this place vied with one another in a social meeting and supper in their hall last Thursday evening, the affair being an annual occurence with the lodges for some years past. A good social time was planned by the committee on arrangements and everything was fully up to expectations. The ladies had prepared an excellent lunch for the evening and this was served to the relish of all. Good pointed addresses were madeby Rev. W. WRhoades, Rev. R. S. Taylor, Rev. E. F. Faust and John A. Woodward.

The first annual convention of district number five of the Centre County Sunday School union was held in the Christian chapel Friday evening and Saturday. The district consists of twelve Sunday schools and ten of these were represented, there being about nineteen delegates present. Rev. W. W. Rhoades and Rev. W. H. Patterson addressed the evening meeting. On occount of the funeral Saturday morniug the plans of the convention were disarranged, Rev. R. S. Taylor occupying the short period with an address on the teacher's mission. In the afternoon Rev. E. F. Faust gave a talk on the new graded lessons. Henry Thompson gave an interesting address on the proper observance of the Sabbath, which was followed by a most interesting discussion of "Tardiness—the best method of overcoming." The convention approved the officers selected at the temporay organization and they were retained for the ensuing year. Rev. E. F. Faust is president; W. J. Wilson, vice president; W. C. Thompson, secretary; Charles White, assistant secretary, and L. C. Thompsen, treasurer. The collections defrayed all the expenses of the convention and there is a balance in the treasury. An urgent invitation was given by the Hunter Run Methodist Sunday school and that place was selected for the next convention.

One of the orders which has little ground for recruiting is the Grand Army of the Republic, but Grove Brothers Post No. 262 of this place has found a candidate and in consequence the old army goat has been brought out and is being groomed for the initiation of Rev. W. W. Rhoades, one of the veterans who is not identified with any post of the G. A. R. Just how the goat will act after being out of commission so long we are not in position to conjecture, but venture to say that the reverend will be about as frisky as his goatship when once he gets astride.

William Wagner, one of section foreman Shope's right hand men, has been laid off for several weeks on account of a severe case of poisoning received while at work. He has been busy for several days erecting himself an ice house.

Lester Bowes and family left on Thursday for Northumberland, where Mr. Bowes will open a grocery store in a few days. He is an ambitious young man and will doubtless make a success of the business. He will be assisted in starting and getting the run of the business by his father-in-law, J. F. Condo.

Charles F. Robb, a son of Mrs. William Robb, of Romola, who for some time has been in charge of the clothing department of a large store in Wellsboro, has purchased the fixtures in the room occupied by Brady F. Beck in Lock Haven and will open up a first class store in a few days. Mr. Robb has the business thoroughly in hand and his many friends can feel assured of fair and satisfactory treatment when they visit his store. Mr. Robb moved his family and household goods to Lock Haven last week.

Clement Dale, Esq., of Bellefonte, was in town on legal business on Friday.

George Loder, of Bellefonte, was a visitor in Howard Thursday ostensibly for the purpose of attending the I. O. O. F. banquet.

Mrs. Clarence Bennet, of Mill Hall, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Mayes and Rev. W. W. Rhoades attended the funeral of Mrs. William Mokle at State College on Friday.

I. K. James, who has been located in West Virginia for some time, is visiting at the Walizer home and is planning to remove his family to Howard again.

The stork included Howard in its itinerary last week and left a boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Robb on Tuesday. Next day it stopped with Mr. and Mrs. Ray Allison and a boy was left with them.

John Heverly, of Clearfield, was in town on Saturday attending the administrator's sale of the household goods of his father's estate, which took place on Saturday afternoon.

Abram Weber and his convalescent son Balser and also Willard McDowell made a visit to State College on Saturday in Wetzel's automobile. Both the young men stood the trip well and enjoyed the outing.

Capt. H. C. Holter was a business visitor to Bellefonte on Saturday.

Mrs. Mabel Pletcher Mann is spending some time in Pittsburg.

W. E. Mick, of Ireland, W. Va., was in town the past few days looking after some investment interests. While here he was the guest of Leathers Bros. and I. K. James.

Strawberries fresh from the garden at this time of the year is a very uncommon thing but 'Squire A. A. Pletcher is gathering them daily from the patch in his garden. Last summer after the large crop had been gathered he took a sickle and cut off the tops of the plants to stop the runners, and as a result the plants grew up again and blossomed and bore another crop of fruit which is just now ripening.

Wm. McClintic and wife, of Clintondale, were guests Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cooke.

W. F. C. Lucas and family, of Bellwood, spent a few days with relatives near town.

We regret to note the removal of Prof. J. C. Weirick and wife from our town to Lock Haven. Mr. Weirick this week shipped his household goods to the Clinton county metropolis and will make his home in the Lutheran parsonage.

J. F. Condo and Miss Bessie Pletcher, two of our popular young folks went over to Philipsburg last Wednesday and were united in marriage that evening. They returned to Howard on Sunday and will make this place their home, Mr. Condo being employed as traveling representative of the large marble and granite yards of J. Will Mayes. Their many friends wish them well in their new relation.

J. Will Conley, wife and daughter, of Bellefonte, were Sunday visitors with friends in town.

Rev. I. S. Frain and wife left on Sunday for Johnstown where they visited their daughter for a few days and on Wednesday left for Canton, Ohio, where they will attend the general conference of the Evangelical church.

Harry Gettig, a son of Frank Gettig, who resides over in Nittany valley, accidentally shot himself in the foot Sunday morning. He was brought to Howard and the injured foot was dressed by Dr. W. J. Kurtz.

Pine Grove Mills.

Mrs. Mary Brouse is visiting relatives at Boalsburg.

J. C. Bumgardner bought a car load of sheep here last week.

Wilson Cummings the old drover from Stone Valley, took over a bunch of feeders on Saturday.

Mark Shaffer, of Philadelphia, is greeting friends of long ago here and at Boalsburg.

John Rudy and wife visited friends at Spruce Creek over Sunday.

Miss Anna Dale and mother are making their annual visit among friends in Altoona.

George Potter gave a social hop last Monday night. Fifteen couples joined in dancing the light fantastic step. Doc. Henderson played the "Gike."

Adam Felty, after spending the summer in the mountain city, is back at his old quarters, in Boalsburg, for the winter.

E. S. Tressler and C. D. Miller transacted business in Tyrone on Saturday.

Ira L. Burwell has been on the sick list with bladder trouble and at this writing is not much improved.

G. F. Miller is reroofing his house, in Main Street, with cedar shingles.

J. H. and Ed. Decker, with two lady friends, came up from the County capital and spent Sunday at the Decker home, on Main Street.

Professor Clarence Weaver, of Baileyville, is receiving congratulations on the arrival of a nice little daughter which came last Thursday. It is the first born and the young couple are correspondingly happy.

John Carper was obliged to kill a horse that broke its shoulder by getting entangled in a mowing machine and falling over the tongue.

Mr. and Mrs. John From, of State College, visited friends in town last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ross are mourning the death of their baby boy, Richard, aged four months, who died on Saturday, at 3 o'clock, A. M., from cholera infantum after but a few days illness. Burial was made on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, in Boalsburg, Rev. J. S. Shultz officiating.

T. C. Cronover, of Saulsburg, lumberman, farmer and stockman, is over superintending the building of a five thousand bushel pit for lime burning, also the laying of about one-half mile of galvanized pipe to carry pure mountain water to his buildings and to every field on the farm. He contemplates building a 90x90 foot barn next season as well as fitting up the mansion with steam heat. He has built two miles of woven wire fence this season and burned a five thousand bushel lime pit. He is a builder from 'way back.

George Ralston, the creamery man at Neffs Mills, spent Sunday and Monday in the valley, mixing pleasure with a "leidel" business.

Dr. K. M. Krebs transacted business at the County seat on Friday.

Our section was quite well represented at the Bellefonte fair this week.

Charles Smith, of Medina, Ohio, is here greeting old comrades. Charley was called here by the death of his father-in-law, John G. Hess.

The installation of officers of Penns Valley Lodge, No. 276, I.O. O. F. took place on Saturday evening in the new hall, Dr. R. M. Krebs acting as D. D. G. M. and officiating with neatness and despatch. The several officers installed follow:

N. G.—E. C. Musser.
V. G.—Dent Peterson.
Treasurer—J. G. Heberling.
Secretary—Professor M. E. Heberling.
Assistant Secretary—C. L. Sunday.
R. S. to F. G.—J. W. Fry.
L. S. to N. G.—H. M. Krebs.
R. S. S.—Sumner Miller.
L. S. S.—A. S. Bailey.
Auditor—J. H. Bailey.
Warden—W. H. Goss.
Chaplain—Dr. R. M. Krebs.
I. G.—A. S. Walker.
O. G.—J. O. Campbell.
R. S. to V. G.—E. T. Parsons.
L. S. to N. G.—Clarence Weaver.
Representative to Grand Lodge—F. W. Graham; alternate—H. M. Walker.
Representative to Orphanage—H. M. Krebs.

The Methodist Episcopal church congregation will hold a festival in the hall on Saturday evening, October 15.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give an entertainment on the evening of Wednesday, October 12. Dr. Edward Finks, on New York, will show 100 pictures and give a lecture. All invited. Admission free.

Scotia.

Grandmonther Daugherty returned on Friday from a visit to the home of her childhood, in the vicinity of Duncansville. She found many changes in twenty-five years. Many of her companions of that time are dead and some, like herself, have moved away, so she found herself almost a stranger.

Mrs. Wiser, of Port Matilda, visited her son, Philip, over Sunday.

John Long is spending a few days in Altoona this week. Rumor says he is about to locate in the railroad city and will work in the blacksmith shops. Good luck, John.

Charley Martz, of Pine Grove Mills, started for a little walk on Sunday morning and landed at John Johnstonbaugh's for dinner. He had just returned on Thursday from Gettysburg, where he attended a reunion of his old regiment, the Twenty-first Cavalry. There were fifty-eight of his old comrades there. They fought the old fight over again and John said it was a Waterloo.

Anybody ordering a carload of telephone poles from W. H. Ghaner and only receiving 13 must overlook the matter this time, for he can only count 13 these days. On last Thursday night the stork left him a bouncing, big boy, No. 12. All 13 children are living. Although a strong Berry man, W. H. says he will call the latest "Teddy."

Dr. Coons thinks the automobile is about a failure, so far as he is concerned. He averages about one breakdown a week. His last was on Saturday night. He and his wife startd from Stormstown for Scotia and they had to walk a part of the way and hire a man to take them home in a buggy. On Sunday Frank Clemson came out with his auto and towed their car home. The Doctor thought when he got his machine he had the world by the tail and with a down hill pull, but his hold slipped.

Saturday being a holiday, on account of a breakdown at the washer, some of the young folks went to the College to see the pushball scrap.

Lawrence O'Leary and his helper, Daniel Kelley, came up from Bellefonte on Saturday and repaired a boiler, returning in the evening. Larry is an expert on boiler work.

Mt. Eagle.

Misses Effie Bitner and Myrtle and Nancy Roberts walked to Howard on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Theophilus Pletcher and daughter, Miss Tracy, were callers at the Mrs. Molly Leathers home, at Kennedy, on Sunday.

John Miller, who has been home here for some time, has returned to his work at Tyrone.

Ira Roberts, who has been employed in West Virginia for some time, is home to see his parents.

There will be a harvest home service in the Kennedy Methodist Episcopal church, on Sunday afternoon, October 9. Everybody cordially invited.

Robert Cook, of Howard, was a business visitor here one day last week.

We are glad to hear the whistle of the handle factory again.

Mrs. Ward Daughenbaugh was in Howard on Friday, seeing her mother and doing some shopping.

John Bathurst is now employed at the Leathers handle factory.

Irvin Roberts, senior and junior, were Bellefonte visitors on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Deitz attended Mrs. John Heverly's sale at Howard, on Saturday.

Unionville.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Blazer, of Oak Hall, spent a few days with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hazel.

Prof. V. L. Wagner, principal of the grammar school at Sandy Ridge, spent Sunday with his family.

We are glad to note that David Keatley, who has been confined to his room for two weeks with quinsy, is able to be about again.

Charles Rhown and Howard Musser, of Bellwood, spent Sunday with their parents, here.

The following officers were installed in Lumen Lodge, No. 639, I. O. O. F., on Saturday night by Dr. W. U. Irwin, Assistant District Deputy Grand Master:

N. G.—Aaron J. Hall.
R. S. to N. G.—E. T. Hall.
L. S. to N. G.—Floyd Sanderson.
V. G.—George W. Barton.
R. S. to V. G.—Joseph T. Barton.
L. S. to V. G.—Arthur Hosband.
W.—H. M. Stere.
C.—W. H. Barton.
I. G.—Leonard Watson.
O. G.—Zack Hoover.
R. S. S.—B. F. Peters.
L. S. S.—Jessie Parsons.
Chaplain—W. H. Earon.
Treasurer—J. C. Smith.

Our good friend and neighbor, Joseph Gill, moved into the Union Hotel on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Holderman spent Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. J. S. Bumgardner, at State College.

Watch this space for particulars of the I. O. O. F. second annual banquet, to be held Saturday, October 22, next.

On Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, fire was discovered in the rear end of P. J. McDonnell's residence. An alarm was sounded and the fire company responded with buckets and fire extinguishers. Only by the company's heroic efforts was the fire extinguished before any damage was done. The blaze was caused by a defective flue.

William Hosband, of the firm of Elmer Hosband & Bros., is spending his vacation with his mother, at this place.

Blanchard.

Frank Corter, wife and daughter, Marian, left on Monday for Bloomsburg, where they will visit Mr. Corter's sister, Mrs. Lizzie Bridge, for a week and incidentally take in the fair.

William Bowes, of Tyrone, spent Sunday at his home in Blanchard.

Mrs. Thomas and daughter, of Howard, visited Mrs. Orrey Stover over Sunday.

Mrs. Maud Foster and sister. Cora, and Professor McDowell, of State College, attended the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Britain Linn, on Sunday.

Mrs. George Page spent last week with her son, Christian, at Orviston.

Mrs. John Fravel and son, Charles, of Monument, were Sunday visitors at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. Edward Heverly.

A supper will be held at Quigley's hall by the ladies of the Baptist church on Saturday night, next. Proceeds for the benefit of the church. Everybody invited. Come and help make it a success.

On account of the illness of Rev. Mr. Edlridge, who has gone to Philadelphia for treatment, there was no preaching in the Baptist church on Sunday, last.

Mrs. Alexander Heverly was stricken with rheumatism last week and is still in a very helpless condition. Her numerous friends hope for a speedy recovery.

CHURCH OUT OF DEBT

United Evangelicals Highly Elated Over Successful Meeting.

The Bellefonte United Evangelical church is free from debt. At the church debt rally, on Sunday, last, the members of the congregation responded most liberally to the appeal of their pastor to cancel the debt.

When Rev. J. F. Hower became the pastor of the church the church debt amounted to $415.32. Since that time there has been spent on improvements and repairs $586.60, making a total of $1001.92. At the beginning of this conference year, March 1, last, the debt had been reduced to $300. When the result of Sunday's meetings was made known by the officials all were delighted to learn that the receipts amounted to $329.20. Of this amount $16.72 was raised by festivals. No appeal was made for outside help. It was a rally day which the local United Evangelicals will not soon forget. The note now paid will be burned at the service at the church on Sunday morning, next.

MEETING OF COUNCIL

Just One-Half Hour Required to Clear the Table and Adjourn.

With the spirit of fair week hovering over the chamber, Council required just one-half hour on Monday night, last, to dispose of all new business, attend to old business, clear the table and adjourn. There wasn't a single argument to interfere with the rapid-fire consideration of business.

Council ratified the selection of officers at a joint meeting of representatives of the Logan and Undine fire companies, on September 30th., last. They follow: James D. Seibert, chief marshal; Frank Doll, first assistant marshal; Charles Anderson, second assistant marshal.

Rev. N. S. Bailey Transferred.

The many Bellefonte friends of Rev. Newton S. Bailey will be interested to learn that the recent Conference of the United Brethren church transferred him from Fairhope, Somerset County, to New Paris, Bedford County. Mr. Bailey removed to his new home on Tuesday, last. In a letter to "The Republican" he says that he has had a good year and expects to have even greater success in the year to come. That he will achieve this and more is our earnest hope.

-: Rubber Goods :-

We have just received a large order of Rubber Goods that we ordered last spring. If in need of a Hot Water Bottle, a Fountain Syringe, a Breast Pump, or an Atomizer,

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

They will be higher in price. We have the goods and the price will be right.

GREEN'S PHARMACY CO.

The Rexall Store

BELLEFONTE - PA.

Valuable Farm For Sale!

To close out the estate of the late Christian Buck, some valuable real estate is offered for sale. The land is situated in Unionville borough, Centre county, and consists of

18 Acres; All Under Cultivation

Good Brick House, large Bank Barn and necessary outbuildings.

Located as it is, this property is regarded as highly desirable. It is within a short distance of churches and public schools.

ALSO

One-half Interest in Grist Mill.

The capacity of this mill is 30 barrels per day. For price and any further particulars, inquire of or communicate with Daniel Buck, Executor, Fleming, Pa., or Katherine E. Buck, Executrix, Lock Haven, Pa.

"Sis Perkins."

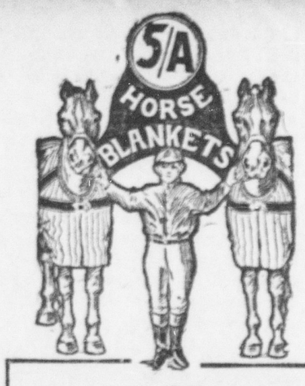
"Sis Perkins" has the prettiest story ever told and the plot of the play is so easily understood. It's not one of those silly things that no one can understand and after it's out you find yourself asking what it was all about. Sis Perkins tells a story of honesty, virtue, love and friendship. There are moments when you want to cry and some do; then again there are funny scenes when you laugh until you ache. It's not a blood and thunder play. It's devoid of horse play and dime novel heroes. It's a good, clean comedy, up to date for ladies, gentlemen and children. One night only at Garman's Opera House, tomorrow night, October 7.

Do You Own A Camera ?

Then get on our list. Send your name, address; name and size of your camera, on a postal and get our souvenir, catalogs and special offer. Do it now.

The Mallory Studio,

Amateur Supply Dept. Bellefonte, Pa.



Horses and Horsemen

are strong in their preference for 5A Horse Blankets and 5A Lap Robes. They well know that the famous 5A leads all others in warmth and wear.

Ask for 5A.

We Sell Them

JAMES SCHOFIELD,

Spring street Bellefonte, Pa.

Joseph Bros. & Co.

We take this occasion to thank our many friends and customers for their kind appreciation in making our Fall Millinery Opening the greatest in the history of our business.

This week we call especial attention to our fastidiously selected lines of Cloaks and Suits, Dress Goods and Trimmings.

Joseph Bros. & Co.

Is Ivory a toilet or a laundry Soap? Both.

It contains such good materials and is so perfectly made that there is no better soap for the toilet and bath.

It is sold at such a reasonable price that it can be used in the laundry—particularly for washing colored goods and articles of delicate texture; linens, laces, embroideries and things of that sort.

Ivory Soap . . 99 44/100 Per Cent. Pure

"BACK TO THE FARM"

XII.—Rural Education—Secondary Schools.

By C. V. GREGORY.

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IN the past the 97 per cent of the rural boys and girls who never attended college have scarcely received their share of attention. The college has been developing leaders, but the rank and file have been neglected. Only recently has the need of industrial education for the great mass of the people been recognized.

Now that the necessity is seen steps are being taken to meet it. It was thought at first that the country boy could obtain all the education he needed in a city high school. That idea is fast being outgrown. The city high school was not created to meet the needs of the country boy, and it contains little that appeals to him. High

GIRLS LEARNING ICE CREAM MAKING AT A DOMESTIC SCIENCE SCHOOL.

school principals have too long arranged their courses of study for the 3 per cent of their pupils who will go to college, ignoring the needs of the other 97 per cent.

Hard as this system was on the boy in town, it was harder still on the country boy. There was nothing in the high school course that was connected even remotely with his life on the farm. Most of his time was given to mathematics, Latin, German, etc., with perhaps a little music and art thrown in. The mathematics were a help in developing his mind and teaching him to think. The Latin and German were of little value except to the 3 per cent who expected to enter college. The music probably was given by a teacher who couldn't sing half so well as the meadow larks at home and the art by one who couldn't draw a cow or a pig to save his life.

The worst part of the high school from the farm boy's standpoint was the attitude toward work in general and farm work in particular. The boys and girls were encouraged to prepare for college in order that they might get through life more easily, though perhaps they were not told so in so many words. The teachers talked of the farm as a good place to come from perhaps, but carried the idea that farming was not a worthy calling for a boy with ambition. Everything he heard or learned pointed away from the farm and toward the city. Not only was the farm boy denied any knowledge of the farm, but he was taught to see the bright side of every other calling and the dark side of his own. It was little wonder that he left the farm at the end of his high school course.

The high schools are coming to pay vastly more respect to the 97 per cent of their pupils. They are realizing the truth of the statement that the education which increased a boy's wants without increasing his earning capacity is a failure. Courses in carpentry, shop work and mechanics have been put in. The whole attitude of the high school is changing, and more attention is being paid to preparing students for life than to preparing them for college. The students are being taught that it is an honor to work with their hands. The girls are being taught domestic science and home economics. In short, the high school has seen its opportunity and is grasping it.

In all this development the country boy has been left out. The atmosphere of the high school is still that of the city. A few have attempted to teach agriculture, and some have succeeded. It has become plain, however, that a school located on a block of land in the heart of a city cannot hope to teach agriculture with the greatest degree of success. With that realization has come the secondary agricultural school. Such schools are all too few as yet, but their numbers are increasing rapidly as the demand for them grows. Some are supported by the counties, some by the states and some privately. Some of the denominational and preparatory schools have been very successful in teaching agriculture. Georgia has eleven district agricultural schools that are doing a great work in educating the rank and file of the future farmers of the state. Minnesota and Nebraska have schools of agriculture in connection with their agricultural colleges. These are doing good work, but they are reaching only a small proportion of the farm boys and girls. One such school to a state is not enough.

The ideal secondary school is located away from the heart of the city. It has a liberal piece of land in connection with it. To be successful it must be surrounded by enough of a farm to give it a rural flavor. As a rule these secondary schools are doing their work well. They have ruthlessly cut out the classics and the dead languages. They have substituted studies that help to fit the boys and girls for life on the farm. A large share of the study of books is done away with and the study of living things substituted. The schools are well equipped with laboratories. The student works with corn, scoring, placing and testing. Judging corn is as fascinating a game as ever a boy engaged in. Even more interesting is the stock judging.

Few of the schools can afford to keep a complete line of live stock, but neighboring farmers are always ready to supply the deficiency. Then there are the machinery laboratories, where the boys learn some of the simpler principles of mechanics as applied to farm machinery. It puts a boy on his mettle to be turned loose on a pile of castings and told to put them together to form a binder. The intricacies of a gasoline engine keep him working after hours. The study of the growth of plants takes the place of the study of classified botany. The boy learns the names of the different weeds and how to tell their seeds apart. He learns their habits and the best ways of combating them. He makes a collection of insects and learns which ones are harmful and which innocent.

He is dealing with life, the kind of life that he has known ever since he was old enough to know anything. At last he is learning the answers to that big "why" that has bothered him ever since he could walk. He has found the education that is suited to his needs and his inclinations. It is an education in the ways of nature rather than in the ways of man. It is an education that is fitting him to live best the life that he knows most about.

He may not care much about college. His mind may falter at geometrical propositions and quadratic equations. But he can understand the proposition of soil fertility and crop rotation. He can work out the equation of profit and loss in raising calves. The greatest mission of any form of education is to teach people how to live. Not only must it teach them how to live well, but it will be successful directly in proportion to the number it reaches. The professional colleges have had to encompass themselves with severe restrictions in order that their professions might not become overcrowded. With agricultural education there is no such fear.

The danger is not in getting too much. The problem is to get enough. Secondary agricultural education has been phenomenally successful because it teaches people the things they want to know. They do not take such education on the general theory that it is good for them. They can see for themselves that it is good. They can see it in the increased corn yields grown by the boys who have been graduated from such a school to the farm. They can see it from the improved stock that takes the place of the bony specimens with which he once would have been satisfied. They can see it in the pride with which he keeps up his fences and yards.

The girl is given almost as large a place in the secondary school as the boy. She is taught the art and the science of homemaking. She gets a

STUDENTS TESTING MILK IN A DAIRY LABORATORY.

truer and saner view of life than would be possible in a city school. She has a greater sense of its responsibilities and a fuller appreciation of its pleasures.

While the first aim of the secondary agricultural school is to teach the boy to wring increased profits from the soil and the girl to use these profits in building up a better home, its function does not end there. The cultural side of the student's education is not neglected. He is given something of English, for an understanding of his native tongue and an ability to use it well are essential to a farmer who would be considered educated. He is given something of history, for no study can so broaden and deepen the springs of human thought as history. He is given public speaking and learns to talk well. Dame Fortune holds many good things in reserve for the man who can talk.

The Poultry Yard.

The way one keeps his fowls is generally the way the fowls keep him.

The day of crossing breeds is a thing of the past. We now have utility pure breds.

Work up a strain of hens that will lay. Save the eggs from the best layers, and set them.

The fowls that are small for their age should go now. Their room is of more value than their company.

Hens dread to get into dirty nest boxes. They won't do it if they can help it. Why don't you see to this, right off?

Never change to a new breed simply because extravagant claims are given. It is better to try to improve the old ones.

No one can consistently be a fancier and a marketman at the same time. The branches are antagonistic to each other.

The experienced poultryman breeds only from his best winter layers. It is then when prices are at their best, and profits are to be counted upon in the poultry business.

Start the trapnests so that it can be known which are the best winter layers. Almost any old hen will lay in spring and summer; it takes a good hen to lay in late fall and winter.

This is a good season for disposing of all the surplus old hens. Better get rid of them while they will fetch a good price as roasters. The prices are good up to about November 20th.

It is a too common practise to imbreed. Don't do it. It is easier to secure good cockerels now than it will be later in the season. Get them now and you will have them when needed.

Laid in your stock of dust yet for winter? Don't forget it. Neglect is one of the worst enemies hens have—almost equal to lice. Try to avoid dampness in your houses; sure to bring disease.

A good coating of whitewash on the inside of each house will help considerably in getting rid of vermin. Take several inches of dirt out of the houses and replace with new, clean earth.

Rake up the litter and rubbish that have accumulated in the runs, and then spade or plow them up. If there are double runs to each house, sow one of them into rye for winter green feeding. Don't delay the sowing of rye much longer.

Do not allow the pullets to roost in the coops where they were raised. The cooler the weather gets the worse they will crowd. They will suffer from the heat, and when let out these cool mornings are apt to take cold, and roup is the next thing on the programme. The pullets expected to lay this month should be roosting in a comfortable house at this time.—*Farm Journal.*

Bible Class Convention.

Perhaps no present-day movement among the Protestant Evangelical Churches has created a wider attention and interest than the one characterized by the initials, O. A. B. C., which stand for Organized Adult Bible Class. The movement is connected with the Sunday Schools of the country and is endorsed by all denominations. Our sister State (Ohio) on our western border leads the movement in the number of such classes.

Pennsylvania is a very close second. Within the last two years, 2,150 classes, with a membership of 66,844, have been organized. Bible study with the view of a personal, practical, every-day application, is the object.

A rally of the representatives of these classes will be held Friday, October 14th, at Altoona, in connection with the Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association, October 12, 13, 14.

A street demonstration of the men's classes will be a feature of the day. It is expected that ten thousand men will participate. Ex-Governor Hanley of Indianapolis, Ind., will address the mass meeting following the street demonstration. His topic will be "Civic Evolution." Every County in the State will be represented in this demonstration.

Cream Sponge Cake.

Beat the yolks of four eggs until thick and lemon colored, using a Dover egg-beater. Add gradually, while beating constantly, one cupful of sugar; then add three tablespoonfuls of cold water and one teaspoonful of lemon-extract. Put one and one half tablespoonfuls of corn-starch in a cup and and fill cup with pastry-flour. Mix and sift corn-starch and flour with one and one half teaspoonfuls of baking-powder and one fourth of a teaspoonful of salt. Add to first mixture; then cut and fold in the whites of four eggs beaten until stiff. Turn into two buttered and floured seven-inch-square tins and bake in a moderate oven twenty minutes, or bake in buttered and floured gem-pans. Sprinkle with powdered sugar before putting into the oven, if a crust is desired.

This mixture is delicious baked in Washington-pie tins and put together with whipped cream sweetened and flavored with vanilla. *Woman's Home Companion.*

"Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo N. Y.

Read "The Republican"—$1 per year in advance,

TRIUMPHANT TOUR OF TENER PARTY

Republican Nominees Cordially Received Everywhere.

ROBERT S. MURPHY'S TRIBUTE

Former Lieutenant Governor Speaks In High Praise of His Successful Rival For Governorship.

As the tour of John K. Tener, the nominee for governor, and his colleagues on the Republican ticket carries them from county to county and the day of election draws nearer, interest in the campaign continues to grow and the meetings continue to attract immense crowds at every important stopping place. Since the very outset of the canvass there has not been a disappointing feature and all signs point to a tremendous victory.

Probably one of the most interesting occasions on the trip was the demonstration given Mr. Tener in Johnstown, the home of Lieutenant Governor Robert S. Murphy, who was probably the most prominently mentioned of those proposed for the nomination which ultimately went to Mr. Tener. The citizenship of this industrial center turned out in great numbers to greet the Tener party, and Lieutenant Governor Murphy was their spokesman and he presided over the meeting.

Mr. Murphy, in an eloquent address, reviewed the issues and in referring to Mr. Tener spoke of him as "a man of splendid heart, with a sound brain in a sound body; one who is in sympathy with labor and who is acquainted with the toil in the work shop and mill; one who has attained a position in the community in which he resides for business integrity and a business ability second to none; one who has lifted himself by the aid of superior talents into a position of prominence and influence in the financial world of western Pennsylvania; one who ably represented his district in the congress of the United States; one whose Republicanism is unstained and who is in hearty accord with the policies of his party in the nation and with the policies of the present state administration, to the carrying out and execution of which he has pledged himself. None who knows him but will believe that this promise will be thoroughly redeemed.

"It is my privilege," concluded Mr. Murphy, "to know him personally, and I esteem him as a man of high ideals, clean in thought and speech, and beyond the slightest reproach in public or private life."

Mr. Murphy expressed the belief that Mr. Tener will have a big majority.

Progressive Pennsylvania.

In one of his recent speeches Mr. Tener took occasion to refer to the advanced position held by Pennsylvania in the matter of statutes advocated by some so-called progressives, laws for the protection of labor and other interests, and upon this subject, among other things, he said:

"I have frequently stated and absolutely believe that Pennsylvania is the best governed state in the nation and that its several administrative departments are honestly and efficiently governed.

"During the past four years Pennsylvania, in advance of all the other states, met the issues and gave to the people such laws as were demanded, and in this respect took advanced ground in what is now known as progressive legislation so much sought after by our sister states, and resulting entirely to the credit of the Republican party and to the great honor of this commonwealth.

"Today many of our sister states are seeking to emulate the example set by Pennsylvania, and especially is New York state active in this respect. The differences between the factions there are due to divided opinion upon just such legislation as we have already enacted into law. Pennsylvania, through the Republican party, has placed many laws on its statute books favorable to the workingmen, and these laws were passed at the suggestion and in compliance with the issues of union labor."

Strong Taxation Policy.

In this connection one of his colleagues, the nominee for lieutenant governor, John M. Reynolds, a few nights ago, said:

"The policy of the Republican party in this state since 1866 has been to relieve the individual of the burden of taxation and to place the same upon those sources most able to bear it. This will be seen from the fact that the total revenues for 1909, amounting to over $29,000,000, were derived from four sources: Corporations, about seventeen million dollars; personal property, over four million dollars; collateral inheritance, over one million seven hundred thousand dollars; mercantile, brewery and distilleries licenses, over three million dollars.

"From this were supported the state government, charitable institutions, hospitals for the insane, dispensaries, sanitariums, reformatories and penitentiaries, soldiers' orphans' schools, besides payment for primary election expenses, appropriations to public schools and other items aggregating a little over thirty million dollars.

"The fact that stands out most prominent and to the credit of the foresight and skill of our lawmakers is shown in comparing the revenues and expenses of 1890 with that of 1909. In the former year the revenues and expenses were each over eight millions, and in 1909 they were each in excess of twenty-nine million dollars.

"With few changes in the tax laws the corporate growth paid in the main this excess in revenues, enabling the state government to relieve local taxation.

"The wisdom shown by this system is today commanding the attention of our sister states, and movements are on foot in some of them to secure its adoption by them, which shows that practical business heads have directed the affairs in this state."

Royal Mistakes.

Sovereigns and princes are strangely given to making astonishing mistakes while dealing with dates. The inscription on King Edward VII.'s coffin that he died in the ninth year of his reign instead of the tenth is only an example of many similar errors. In November, 1858, Queen Victoria wrote to the late king to inform him that he might consider himself emancipated from parental authority and control, as he was now eighteen years old and therefore of age. Her majesty's letter, which was very long, was a quasi sermon, and it ended by informing the then Prince of Wales that he would be forthwith made a knight of the Garter and a colonel in the army. How Queen Victoria and Prince Albert fell into so extraordinary a mistake it is impossible to understand, for the prince had only then completed his seventeenth year. Dean Wellesley, to whom the young prince showed the letter, at once detected the serious error into which the queen had fallen, but he thought it best to say nothing.—London Truth.

Got Full Measure.

All yesterday James had played truant from school, and when the irate master raised his cane threateningly James burst into a flood of tears.

"Please don't lick me, sir," he sobbed.

"And why should I not lick you, pray?" thundered the schoolmaster.

"W'y, sir, 'cos I think I've 'ad enough!" gasped James. "Yesterday the boy as I played truant with and I fell out and he licked me, and a man we threw stones at caught me and licked me, the driver of a cart we hung on to licked me, the owner of a cat we chased licked me. Then when I got home mother licked me, and after that father licked me, and then mother licked me again for calling her a sneak for telling father."

"Well," responded the master grimly, "by this time one licking more or less won't make much difference, and it seems hard I shouldn't have my whack. Come here, sir!"—London Answers.

Remnants of a College Course.

Prosecuting Attorney (examining a prospective juror)—Do you know anything about chemistry?

"I studied it at school."

"Do you think you remember enough of it to make you a competent juror in a poison case?"

"I'm not sure."

"Do you remember any of the formulas?"

"Let me see—two."

"Only two?"

"Yes, sir."

"Are they in a poem?"

(Blushing) "Yes, sir."

"Is this the poem?

"Our Willie boy is dead and gone.
We ne'er shall see him more.
What Willie thought was H2O
Was H2SO4."

(Blushing furiously) "Yes, sir."

"I thought so. You are excused."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Went Back on His Authority.

Leslie Stephen's single meeting with Freeman, the historian, was in the nature of a collision. "I came in contact with him only once," he said. "He wrote a life of Alfred for the Dictionary of National Biography under my editorship, but declined to do more because we had a difference of opinion as to whether Athelstane should be spelled with an 'A.' That was, I confess, a question to which I was culpably indifferent, but I had taken competent advice, and my system (I forget what it was) had been elsewhere sanctioned by the great historian Stubbs. Now, as Freeman was never tired of asserting the infallibility of Stubbs, I innocently thought that I might take refuge behind so eminent an authority. The result was that for once Freeman blasphemed Stubbs and refused to cooperate any longer in an unscholarlike enterprise."

Three Men.

When H. H. Rogers was in the prime of his power, says a New York writer, he formed a "friendship partnership" with Mark Twain and Thomas Brackett Reed and took personal charge of their affairs, looking after them as he would a couple of children. It was great fun for all three, and especially Rogers. Neither Clemens nor Reed had any sense for business. The big ex-speaker came to New York a poor man. Five years later he died suddenly, and his estate assayed over $600,000. He probably had no idea what he was worth at any stage. Rogers made as much or more money for Clemens.

In the Long Ago.

"Adam," asked Eve, "what are you doing?"

"I'm discovering Mars," he said, looking down at her to rest his neck. "I wonder if it has any inhabitants."

From which we learn that Adam already knew about as much concerning Mars as the modern astronomers do.—Chicago Tribune.

GIFT OF LANGUAGE.

Advantages of the Man Who Is Able to Talk Well.

There is no other one thing which enables us to make so good an impression, especially upon those who do not know us thoroughly, as the ability to converse well. A man who can talk well, who has the art of putting things in an attractive way, who can interest others immediately by his power of speech, has a very great advantage over one who may know more than he, but who cannot express himself with ease or eloquence.

You may be a good singer, a fine artist, you may have a great many accomplishments which people occasionally see or enjoy, you may have a very beautiful home and a lot of property, which comparatively few people ever know about, but if you are a good converser every one you meet recognizes and appreciates your art. Everybody you converse with feels the influence of your skill and charm.

In other words, there is no accomplishment, no attainment, which you can use so constantly and effectively, which will give so much pleasure to your friends as fine conversation. There is no doubt that the gift of language was intended to be a much greater accomplishment than the majority of us have ever made of it.—Orison Swett Marden in Success Magazine.

PAPER AND CANVAS.

An Anecdote of Turner, the Great Landscape Painter.

In a book entitled "Stories of the English Artists" R. Davies and C. Hunt tell an interesting anecdote of Turner, the great landscape painter. He disliked to part with his pictures and when he sold one invariably wore a look of dejection and oppression. If a friend asked him what was the matter he would sorrowfully explain, "I've lost one of my children this week."

Once a rich Birmingham manufacturer, Gillott by name, introduced himself to the painter and stated that he had come to buy.

"Don't want to sell" or some such laconic rebuff was the answer.

The manufacturer then drew from his pocket a bundle of banknotes, about £5,000 worth.

"Mere paper," observed Turner, with grim humor, a little softened, however, and evidently enjoying the joke.

"To be bartered for mere canvas," replied the persistent Gillott, waving his hand at the "Building of Carthage" and its companions.

This tone of cool depreciation seemed to have a happy effect, and finally Gillott departed with some £5,000 worth of Turner's pictures.

A Strenuous Wooer.

"The Reminiscences of Bismarck" contains an account of his courtship. He was a young Prussian officer when he first met Johanna von Puttkamer, but he made application at once to her father for permission to pay his addresses. Aghast at Bismarck's proposal, the old gentleman did not absolutely decline it. Instead he wrote giving permission to pay a sort of "visit of inspection" at the Puttkamer home. Bismarck hastened to Reinfeld. The whole Puttkamer family was lined up to greet him. The father and mother glared at him solemnly, and Johanna herself stood between them, her eyes cast modestly downward. With the swift, whirlwind decision that scored Bismarck his later political triumphs he carried the situation by storm. Galloping up the driveway, he leaped from his horse, ran forward and flung his arms around Johanna, taking no heed of her scandalized parents and catching her to his breast and covering her blushing face with kisses. After that there could be no talk of "probation" or "waiting." The betrothal was necessarily an accepted fact.

Satisfied Each Side.

Nearer seven feet tall than six was the father of the present earl of Enniskillen. He was a magistrate and a mighty fox hunter. He used to come to the "justice room" ready dressed for hunting quite early in the morning, in order to hear cases before he started off to the meet. His practice was to hear the plaintiff and then horsewhip the defendant, abusing him for behaving in such a blackguardly manner. Then he heard the defendant and afterward horsewhipped the plaintiff. It is said that both parties left the court perfectly satisfied, each saying that the other had been horsewhipped by his honor.—London Graphic.

How He Knew.

"My wife took me to the orchestra concert last night, and I think they played Wagner."

"What makes you think so?"

"Why, a big bunch of plaster fell from the ceiling into the middle aisle during the concert, and a man who was sleeping near me woke up and said 'Wagner!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Got It Free.

A good old preacher who had decided to leave an unremunerative charge, finding it impossible to collect his salary, said in his farewell sermon: "I have little more to add, dear brethren, save this—you were all in favor of free salvation, and the manner in which you have treated me proves that you have got it!"

Would Seem Not.

"In these stories of the middle ages we always read about the hero's good right arm."

"Well?"

"Was there never a southpaw knight?"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The right word is always a power and communicates its definiteness to our action.—Eliot.

The GOOSE GIRL

By HAROLD MacGRATH

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"And no one ever came for the reward? That is strange. Was immunity promised?" Carmichael asked.

"WAS IMMUNITY PROMISED?"

"It was inferred, but not literally promised."

"Fear kept them away."

"Perhaps. And there is Arnsberg."

"Was he guilty?"

"I never saw his hand anywhere."

"So this is the story! Well, when a man's in love he is more or less in the clutch of temporary insanity. I've a wild streak in me also. But what I can't understand is why you return and put your head in the lion's mouth. The police will stumble on something. If you are arrested I could do little for you. The United States protects only harmless political outcasts. Yours is a crime such as nullifies your citizenship, and any government would be compelled to send you back here if the demand was made for your extradition."

"I know all that."

"I suppose that when conscience drives we must go on. But the princess has been found. The best thing you can do is to put your passports into immediate use and return to the States. You can do no good here."

"Maybe." Grumbach refilled his pipe, lighted it and without saying more went out and down into the street.

Carmichael watched him through the window.

"He's a queer codger, and it's a queer story. I don't believe I have heard it all either. What was he really hunting for with those glasses? I give it up."

He was not angry with Grumbach. Rather he seemed to be drawn to him more closely than ever. Mad with love—that was the phrase. He conned it over and over—mad with love. That excused many things.

Grumbach was indeed perturbed, and this sensation was the result of what he had not told his friend. Gott! And after a time he was in the Adlergasse. And of all that happy, noisy family only he and Hermann left! In one of the open doorways, for it was warm, a final caress of vanishing summer, he saw a fat, youngish woman knitting woolen hose. Two or three children sprawled about her knees. There was that petulance of lip and forehead which marked the dissatisfaction of the coquette married.

"Tekla!" Grumbach murmured.

He was not conscious that he had paused, but the woman was. She eyed him with the mild indifference of the bovine. Then she dropped her glance, and the shining needles clicked afresh. Grumbach forced his step onward. And for this! He laughed discordantly. The woman looked up again wonderingly. Now, why should this stranger laugh all by himself like that?

Hans saw the sign of the Black Eagle and directed his steps thitherward. He sat down and ordered a beer, but did not touch the glass. And what right, he pondered, had conscience to drag him back to Ehrenstein, where he had known the bitterest and happiest moments of his life? And yet, rail as he might at this invisible restraint called conscience, he saw God's direction in this return. Only he, Hans Grumbach, knew and one other. And that other, who?

Fat—Tekla was fat, and he had treasured the fair picture of her youth long years. Well, there was an end to that. Little fat Tekla, to have nearly overturned a duchy! And then Hans became aware of voices close at hand.

"Yes, frau, he is at work in the grand duke's vineyards. And think, the first day he picked nine baskets."

"That is good, but I know many a one who can pick their twelve. And you are to be married when the vintage is done? You will make a fine wife, Gretchen."

"And he a fine husband."

"And you will bring him a dowry too. But his own people—what does he say of them?"

"He has no parents, only an uncle, who doesn't count. We shall live with grandmother and pay her rent."

"And you are wearing a new dress," admiringly.

Gretchen preened herself. Hans dropped the lid of his stein and pushed it away. His heart always warmed at the sight of this goose girl. He counted down the small change for the beer, slid back in his chair and sauntered to the bar.

"Good day to you, herr," was her greeting.

"When is the wedding? I should like to come to it."

"You will be welcome, herr."

"And may I bring along a little present?"

"If it so please you. I must be going," she added to Frau Bauer.

Grumbach walked with her to the Krumerweg, and he asked her many questions, and some of her answers surprised him.

"Never knew father or mother?"

"No, herr. I am only a foundling who fell into kind hands. This is where I live."

"And if I should ask to come in?"

"But I shall be too busy to talk. This is bread day," evasively.

"I promise to sit very quiet in a chair."

Her laughter rippled. She was always close to that expression. "You are a funny man. Come in, then; but, mind, you will be dusty with flour when you leave."

Into the kitchen she led him. She was moved with curiosity. Why should any man wish to see a woman knead bread?

"Sit there, herr." And she pointed to a stool at the left of the table.

Gretchen deliberately rolled up her sleeves and began work.

Upon Gretchen's left arm, otherwise perfection, there was a white scar, rough and uneven, more like an ancient burn than anything else. Grumbach's eyes rested upon the scar and became fixed.

"THE SCAR? I DO NOT REMEMBER."

"Where did you get that?" he asked. He spoke with a strange calm.

"The scar? I do not remember. Grandmother says that when I was little I must have been burned."

"Gott!"

"What did you say, herr?"

"Nothing. You can't remember? Think!" tensely now.

"What's all this nonsense about?" she cried, with a nervous laugh. "It's only a scar."

She patted the dough into four squares. These she placed on the oven stove.

"There! It's a fine mystery, isn't it?"

"Yes." But Grumbach was shaking as with ague.

"What is the matter, herr?" with concern.

"I grow dizzy like this sometimes. It doesn't amount to anything."

Gretchen turned down her sleeves. "You must go now, for I have other work."

"And so have I, Gretchen."

He gained the street, but how he never knew. A great calm suddenly winged down upon him, and the world became clear—clear as his purpose, his courage, his duty. They might shoot or hang him as they saw fit. This would not deter him.

The gypsy, standing in the center of the walk, did not see Grumbach, for he was looking toward the palaces. Grumbach, even more oblivious, crashed into him. Grumbach stammered an apology, and the other replied in his peculiar dialect. The jar, however, had roused Hans out of his tragic musings. There was a glint of yellow in the gypsy's eye, a flaw in the iris. Hans gave a cry.

"You? I find you at this moment of all others?"

The gypsy retreated. "I do not know you. It is a mistake."

"But I know you," whispered Hans. "And you will know me when I tell you that I am the gardener's boy you ruined some sixteen years ago."

CHAPTER XIV.

DISCLOSURES.

CARMICHAEL sat in the office of the consulate. His letter of resignation was on its way, but it would be in November before he heard definitely from the department. By that time the great snows would have blanketed the earth and the nadir of his discontent would be reached. But what to do till that time? He could ride for some weeks, but riding without companionship was rather a lonesome affair. His own defiance of the chancellor had erected a barrier between her highness and himself. They would watch him now, evade him, put small obstacles in his path, obstacles against which he could enter no reasonable complaint. A withered leaf, a glove and a fan—these represented the sum of his romance.

Two figures moved in the garden beneath. When the two heads came together swiftly and then separated, but a smiling, he realized that he had witnessed a kiss. Ah, here was the opportunity, and, by the Lord Harry, he would not let it slip. If this fellow meant wrongly toward Gretchen—and how could he mean else?—he, Carmichael, would take the matter boldly into his hands to do some caning. He laughed. Here would be another souvenir, to have caned—

He jumped to his feet, dropped his pipe on the sill of the window and made for his hat and sword cane. The clerk went on with his writing.

To gain the garden Carmichael would have to pass through the tavern. The first person he encountered was Colonel von Wallenstein. Wallenstein spoke to Frau Bauer, who answered him with cold civility. Wallenstein twirled his mustache, laughed and went into the garden. Neither Gretchen nor the vintner saw Wallenstein. He watched them with an evil smile. After some deliberation he walked lightly toward the lovers.

"A pretty picture!" he said.

"Leave us, Gretchen," said the vintner, with a deceiving gentleness.

Gretchen started reluctantly down the path. As she stepped off the path to go round the colonel he grasped her rudely and kissed her on the cheek. She screamed, and this scream brought Carmichael upon the scene. He saw the vintner run forward and dash his fist into the soldier's face. Wallenstein fell back hurt and blinded. The vintner, active as a cat, saw Carmichael coming on a run. He darted toward him and before Carmichael could prevent him dragged the sword cane away. The blade, thin and pliant, flashed and none too soon. The colonel had already drawn his saber.

"Save him!" Gretchen wrung her hands.

The two blades met spitefully. Half a dozen thrusts and parries convinced the colonel that the raging youth knew what he was doing. Down swooped the saber cuttingly. The blade of the sword cane snapped like a pipestem. The latter came on, and there was death's intent.

Meantime Carmichael had found a short hop pole. He hit the saber with good will. Back came the steel. The colonel did not care whom or what he struck at now. When Carmichael returned the compliment he swung his hop pole as the old crusaders did their broadswords. The saber dropped uninjured, but the colonel's arm dangled at his side. He was in agony. Carmichael's anger abated none.

"You're a fine example of a soldier! Are you mad to attack a man this way? They will break you for this, or my name's not Carmichael.

"I shall kill you for this!"

"Bah! I have fought more times than you have years to your counting," with good, Yankee spirit. "But if you think I'll waste my time in fighting a duel with you, you're up the wrong tree."

"Go to the devil!"

"Not just at present. There's too much for me to do."

Gretchen and the vintner had vanished. Carmachael agreed that it was the best thing for them to do. The vintner was no coward, but he was discreet. Somebody might ask questions. So Carmichael returned to the consulate, equally indifferent what the colonel did or where he went. Of the vintner he thought, "The hot headed young fool, to risk his life like that!" He would see later what he meant in regard to Gretchen. Poor little goose girl!

"Are you hurt, excellency?" asked the clerk solicitously.

"Hurt?"

"Yes. I heard a woman scream and ran to the window. It was a good fight. But that fellow—ach! To run away and leave you, an outsider, to fight his battle!"

"He would have been sliced in two if I hadn't come to the front. A hop pole isn't half bad. I'll bet that lady's man has a bad arm for some time to come. As for the vintner, he had good reasons for taking to his heels."

"Good reasons?" But there was a sly look in the clerk's eyes.

"No questions, if you please."

"Very well, excellency." And quietly the clerk returned to his table of figures. But later he intended to write a letter, unsigned, to his serene highness.

Carmichael, scowling, undertook to answer his mail, but not with any remarkable brilliancy or coherency.

And in this condition of mind Grumbach found him—Grumbach, accompanied by the old clock mender from across the way and a gypsy Carmichael had never seen before.

"Tell your clerk to leave us," said Grumbach.

"Something serious, eh?" Carmichael dismissed the clerk, telling him to return after the noon hour.

"I have already spoken to you about it," Grumbach returned. "But I am here to ask a favor, a great favor, one that will need all your diplomacy to gain for me."

"Ah!"

"For myself I ask nothing. A horrible blunder has been made. You will go to the grand duke and ask immunity for this gypsy and this clock mender as witnesses to the disclosure which I shall make to his highness. Without this immunity my lips will be sealed forever. As I said, I ask nothing for myself, nothing. There has been a great blunder and a great wrong, too, but God sent me here to right it. Will you do this?"

"But why don't you want immunity for yourself?"

"There must be some one for the duke to punish," heroically; "otherwise he will refuse."

"Still, suppose I bargain for you too?"

"When you tell him my name is Breunner there will be no bargaining."

"What has this clock mender to do with the case?"

"He is Count von Arnsberg."

"By George! And this gypsy?"

"The man who bribed me. Arnsberg is an innocent man, but this has to be proved."

"I will do what I can, Hans, and I will let you know the result after dinner tonight."

"That will be enough. But unless he concedes do not tell him our names."

"You have me a bit dazed," Carmichael admitted. "I ought to know what this blunder is to have something to stand on."

Grumbach shook his head. "Late every question will be answered, and remember at this interview Herbeck must not be present."

"Very well. I promise to see his highness this afternoon."

The three of them solemnly trooped out, leaving Carmichael bewildered. And while he was racking his mind he heard steps on the stairs. The door above shut noisily.

"By George, I'll attend to that this minute. We'll see what stuff this yellow haired boy is made of."

He mounted the stairs without sound. He grasped the handle of the door, boldly pushed it open and entered, closing the door and placing his back against it.

The vintner snatched a pistol from the drawer in the table and leveled it at Carmichael.

"Surely your majesty will not shoot an old friend?" said the American.

Continued next week.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headache, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:—

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

A true copy of Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows:—

Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

First Principles in the Laundry.

Irons must be much hotter for starched pieces than for flannels. For these they must barely hiss under the touch of a moistened finger.

To get the right finish on any piece of ironing it must be ironed until dry. Attack the starched pieces and those that require most work early in the action.

A few of the essentials to the ironing-table, besides the table itself and the irons, are an iron-stand, an iron-holder with an asbestos lining, a bit of beeswax tied up in a piece of cheese-cloth, a bowl of warm water with a sponge or a piece of soft linen with which may be dampened scallops and edgings which have become too dry to iron well, a piece of paper folded with several thicknesses on which to test the heat of the iron and to wipe any black smirch from it.

Take your clothes from the line as soon as possible after they are dry. They are likely to become too stiff if left out longer than necessary.

Be especially careful to bring starched clothes in as soon as they are dry. When it is cold, the freezing takes out the stiffness, and when the weather is damp, the clothes become limp.

Fruit-stains on linen may be removed by pouring boiling water through them. Stretch the spotted part over a bowl and pour the boiling water on the stain. It may be necessary to repeat the treatment several times in order to remove the stains entirely. Tea and coffee stains may be eradicated by the same method. The sooner they are taken out, the better. Wine-stains may also be removed by the hot water applied in the same manner.

In dampening clothes for ironing, use either a whisk or one of the regular clothes-sprinklers which are made for this special purpose and have the water in it hot or at least very warm. Sprinkle one piece at a time, spreading it out smooth before sprinkling and roll up tightly.—*Woman's Home Companion.*

Centre Hall Lady Injured.

While Miss Sarah McClellan, of Centre Hall, was visiting in New Cumberland, which is across the river from Harrisburg, she had the misfortune to fall last week and fracture her right leg. She was removed to the Harrisburg hospital. Miss McClellan was riding in a street car at the time of the accident. She was attempting to walk from her seat in the car to the platform, when the car gave a sudden jolt and threw her off. She was first removed to the home at which she was visiting and later to the hospital.

Like other Lamp Oils as a sunny day is to a cloudy day. Burns clear, full and steady. Burns to very last drop without re-adjusting wick. *The best oil made.*

Family Favorite

is the oil for you—costs no more than inferior tank-wagon oils. Your dealer has it in original barrels direct from our refineries.

Waverly Oil Works Co.
INDEPENDENT REFINERS
PITTSBURG, PA.

Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines.

The Main Thing About
FIRE INSURANCE

Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

Also represent The Preferred Accident Insurance company of New York, which issues $5,000 Travel Policy at $12.00 per year.

Harry E. Fenlon

Temple Court - - - Bellefonte, Pa.

Real Estate Bought and Sold,
RENTS COLLECTED.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only,
BEST QUALITIES
—(OF)—
ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS
COALS

Also, All Kinds of
Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw and Sand.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning. Builders and Plasterers' Sand.

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Asthma Catarrh Cured.

Expert Medical Scientists announce startling results obtained by Senpine.

New York:—Thousands are taking advantage of the generous offer made by The Woodworth Co., 1161 Broadway, New York City, requesting an experimental package of Senpine, the great discovery for Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, and Catarrh, which is mailed free of charge to all who write for it. It is curing thousands of the most stubborn cases. It makes no difference how long you have been suffering or how severe the climatic conditions are where you live. Senpine will cure you.

If you have experimented with other treatments and have failed to find a cure do not be discouraged but send for a trial of this wonderful truly meritous remedy which is a scientific compound discovered by a Professor of Vienna University, and is being recommended by thousands.

ANY LADY can easily make from $18.00 to $25.00 per week working for me quietly in her own home locality. This is a bonafide offer—one which will pay you to investigate, even if you can only spare two hours per day. No investment required. Turn your spare time into money. Write me at once for particulars. Address MARY B. TAYLOR, Box 30, Woman's Building, Joliet, Illinois. 9-15-2 t. x.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE
FOR STOMACH TROUBLE and CONSTIPATION

Here and There.

Mrs. Arthur S. Hull, of Tyrone, is this week visiting Bellefonte friends.

Charley Lukenbach, the banker, was a visitor to Tyrone on Saturday, last.

The great Gorton Minstrels, Wednesday, Oct. 12. Watch for the parade at noon.

Joe Katz, a Bellefonte boy who is prospering as a clothing merchant at Lewistown, spent Sunday with his parents, here.

George B. Thompson, of Alto, was a Bellefonte visitor this week, combining business with pleasure and finding time to visit the fair.

David, the three-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. John Shutt, died on Saturday night and was buried on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Harry Taylor, agent here for the Adams Express Company, is away on a two weeks vacation. Frank Miller, a former Bellefonte boy, is in charge of the office.

Daniel Peters, the efficient section foreman at Hecla, for the Central Railroad of Penna., left on Monday, accompanied by his wife, for an extended trip to Iowa.

Lawyer George W. Zeigler, of Philipsburg, was a business visitor to Bellefonte this week. With Charley Rowland, also of Philipsburg, Mr. Zeigler recently made a trip to California.

Mrs. A. O. Furst today departed for Milton. With Mr. and Mrs. William B. Chamberlin, that place, and Mrs. James I. Chamberlin, of Harrisburg, she will make an automobile trip to Gettysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. O'Brien and Mr. and Mrs. Logan M. Kelley, of Snow Shoe, made an automobile trip to Bellefonte on Sunday and ramained here long enough to have dinner at the Bush House.

Hammon Sechler, one of the managers of the Keystone party in Centre County, visited Philadelphia last week and participated in the pow-wowing of the big chiefs of that movement. He returned home on Sunday.

A slight fire at the home of Joe Kelleher, in Beaver Row, on Monday, created stir for a few minutes and routed out the firemen. Fortunately the blaze was confined to a flue in the house and was easily extinguished before any damage was done.

Deputy Internal Revenue Collector G. W. Rees had planned taking in the fair this week, but on Monday business called him away on a trip that extended to the State line, near Olean, N. Y., and to so many other points that at best he will be unable to return home before tomorrow night.

Mrs. Reilly, aged 86 years, and her son-in-law, Mr. Prince, aged 63 years, of Curtin, Centre County, were Tyrone visitors on Saturday. Mrs. Reilly and Mr. Prince have lived at Curtin all their lives and Saturday was the first time they ever visited Tyrone. They seemed amazed with the trains passing along the Middle division and went home to dream of what they saw while on their visit to our city.—*Tyrone Herald.*

Gatesburg and Marengo were well represented at the County seat on Friday, last. John Lemon, of Gatesburg, and George Ellenberger, Pierce Gray and John Ellenberger, all representative citizens, spent several hours in town, attending to some shopping, transacting some other business requiring their attention and still finding time to greet their numerous friends.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hockenberry entertained at cards, on Thursday evening, last, the guests including Misses Mary Lafferty, Minnie Cole, Sarah Dunlap, Kathryn Fravel, Mary Fravel, Mary Bechtel, Cora Scholl and Mrs. Carrie Lucas. During the evening delicious refreshments were served and all present had a most enjoyable time.

We have no subscriber on our rapidly growing list who is more careful in promptly paying in advance for his paper than Luther L. Smith, one of those boys in Bellefonte who does not parade his virtues with a brass band but who, nevertheless, is steadily forging to the front. Luther's subscription to "The Republican" expired on Friday night, last, and on Saturday he called and advanced it another year. "The Republican" would be fortunate, indeed, if it had the active support of several hundred young men of the type of Luther Smith. We want young men to become readers of "The Republican." They can help us and we can and will help them.

Judge James H. Loh, of Harrisburg, was a very genial visitor to Bellefonte last week, spending a day or two here with his grandson, James H. Loh, also of Harrisburg, who is a student at the Bellefonte Academy. While in town Judge Loh called at "The Republican" office and we found him to be a genial, courtly gentlemen. Much to to our regret he indicated that he wasn't going to vote for Tener for Governor. However, we havent't given up all hope of converting him, for he became enrolled as a subscriber to "The Republican". Judge Loh may not vote for Tener, but if he reads "The Republican" every week during the next two months we'll guarantee him that he will find a lot of reasons why he should.

Don't overlook the new advertisement of Schofield, the harness man.

John D. Meyer, of Altoona, was a Bellefonte visitor over Sunday.

William Harter, of Hartleton, spent last week visiting his sister, Mrs. Fred Kurtz.

Miss Anna Hoffer, of Philipsburg, is a guest at the C. T. Gerberich home, on Thomas Streeet.

Miss Ethel Igo, of Tyrone, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Hamilton, on Penn Street.

This is not only fair week but a good week to read what Montgomery & Company have to say in their new ad.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hartman, of Pittsburg, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Mary Reesner, on Thomas Street.

Colonel W. Fred Reynolds is recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism, which has kept him indoors for the last week or so.

Ambrose Sloteman, formerly of Bellefonte, but for several years past residing in Lock Haven, was a visitor to town during the week.

Liveryman William Larrimer several days ago purchased from John P. DeHaas, of Beech Creek, the fine pacing horse, "Miracle."

Miss Eva Tobias, of Mackeyville, is attending the big fair this week and while in town is the guest of Miss Linnie Royer, on Spring Street.

It will be pleasing news to the many friends of Rev. P. E. Paul to learn that he has been returned to Bellefonte as pastor of the A. M. E. church.

Mrs. Herbert McCoy and two children, Richard and Katharyn, of Jersey Shore, are visiting at the home of Charles McCoy, on Thomas Street.

Rev. Dr. J. Allison Platts on Wednesday returned from Philadelphia, where, on Sunday, last, he occupied the pulpit of the Bethany Presbyterian church.

Rev. Fred W. Barry, pastor of the Lutheran church, recently entertained his father, Rev. D. R. P. Barry, pastor of the Lutheran church, at Hartleton.

Charles S. McCormick, of Lock Haven, and a member of the Clinton County bar, spent several days in town this week, having business before the local courts.

Rev. and Mrs. William Wagner and son attended the sessions of the Lutheran synod, last week, and while here were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hezekiah Hoy.

Dr. Thomas H. Orbison, who is located in California and making splendid progress in his profession, is this week visiting at the home of his mother and sister, in Spring Street.

Rev. John Hewitt this week attended a church meeting held in Cincinnati, Ohio, from which place he went to Atlanta, Georgia, for a brief visit with his son, Strafford.

John Wilson, manager of the Western Union telegraph office at Altoona, was a Bellefonte visitor this week. John is an old Bellefonte boy and one of whom his home friends are justly proud.

Mrs. Carrie Lucas on Monday evening entertained at cards in her apartments, in the Criler block, her guests being Misses Mary Lafferty, Mary Fravel, Sarah Dunlap and Maude Decker.

This is the time of the year when every man owning a horse is thinking about a nice, warm blanket. You can get the best in the market at Schofield's harness shop. All kinds and at all prices.

George Robb, one of the "boys in blue" at the battle of Gettysburg, attended the great reunion there last week and helped fight the battle over again. He is home again and very well pleased with his trip.

Mr. and Mrs. George Reeser, of Windber, are visting their daughter, Mrs. John Kelley, at Snow Shoe, and before returning home plan a visit with Bellefonte friends. Mrs. Reeser is a valued subscriber to "The Republican."

Prothonotary Arthur B. Kimport has been ill at his home, on Curtin Street, for the last four or five days, although now, we are glad to say, he is rapidly rounding to. Tuesday was his birthday anniversary and his brother officials at the Court House reminded him of the occasion by sending some appropriate post cards.

Mr. and Mrs. William Tonner and the former's mother, Mrs. John W. Tonner, of Philadelphia, were Bellefonte visitors this week, arriving on Tuesday in their automobile and remaining until today. Will and his mother are former residents of Bellefonte, but this was the first visit here of Will's wife, who before her marriage was Miss Foerderer, a daughter of the late Congressman Robert Foerderer. Will is engaged in the manufacture of hosiery, at Norristown, and this winter will move to that place.

Gorton's famous Minstrels, with entirely new acts, novel features and up-to date specialties, will appear at Garman's Opera House Bellefonte Wednesday Oct. 12. Prominent among the new features may be mentioned "The Naval Clog" a spectacular dancing novelty, produced with appropriate costumes, electrical stage effects and introducing songs, marches and various styles of solo and eccentric clog dancing. Elaborate stage mounting and skillful execution by expert artists render this one of the strongest acts ever seen in minstrelsy.

JOHN G. HESS.

Prominent Resident of Pine Grove Mills Passes Away on Monday.

Just as the sun was sinking in the western Heavens on Monday evening the spirit of John G. Hess, of Pine Grove Mills, took its flight to Him who gave it. Surrounded by his family he passed into peaceful sleep. It was known to his many friends that the end was near, but the news of his death was received with feelings of profound sorrow, so well was he known and so high was the esteem in which he was held.

Far more than half a century John G. Hess was a familiar figure in Pine Grove Mills. Endowed with a genial nature and possessing all the qualities of the true friend, he numbered his friends by the score and by all he was loved and respected.

It was back in the Fifties that he followed the occupation of a carriage maker, conducting quite an extensive business in that community. So well and thoroughly was his work done that many of the carriages and other vehicles which he made years ago are in use in and about Pine Grove Mills at the present time.

For three terms Mr. Hess served as postmaster and during all that time he directed the affairs of his office with scrupulous care and attention to business, never being too busy to be an obliging official and always keeping in mind the needs of the patrons of his office.

His record as a soldier was brilliant. When General Lee invaded Pennsylvania Mr. Hess enlisted in the 46th Penn. Vols. At the expiration of his enlistment he was honorably discharged. Until the last days of his life he maintained a deep interest in the welfare of his old comrades.

Politically John G. Hess was a Republican, stanch and true, ever striving to aid his party and advocate and defend its principles. Deceased was a member of the Lutheran church and an active member of the G. A. R.

Mr. Hess was born in Boalsburg, December 26, 1831, and was a son of John and Julia Hess, early settlers of that section. When quite a lad he learned the carriage making business with the Loebs, in that town. He was married, December 22, 1857, by Rev. P. P. Lane to Miss Sarah A. Roan, who survives and who is a sister of Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall. To this union a daughter was born, now Mrs. Charles Smith, of Medina, Ohio. Two sisters also survive: Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. W. H. Groh, of Carlisle. During his early life Mr. Hess lived at McElavey's Fort and vicinity, but for the last fifty years he resided at Pine Grove Mills. Funeral services were held yesterday, at 11 o'clock, burial being made in the new cemetery, at Pine Grove Mills, Rev. J. S. Shultz officiating.

TOBIAS PAGE.

Tobias Page, Boalsburg's oldest man, died at the home of his nephew, S. M. Bell, on Sunday night, at 11.30 o'clock, from heart trouble and dropsy. He was born at Evendale, Juniata County, July 25, 1825, and spent all of his life there until ten years ago when his wife died and he made his home with the Bells. He was of German descent and a splendid type of citizen. Early in life he united with the Menonite church and remained steadfast to its teachings to the last. He is survived by two sisters in Illinois, Mrs. David Ameg and Mrs. Hannah Welch. The funeral was held on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, Rev. J. T. Stonecypher officiating. Six old neighbors served as casket bearers and tenderly laid him in his final resting place. They were Adam Hosterman, Henry Fredericks, James Poorman, Al. Kuhn, John Hook and Cyrus Durst The total ages of the six men was 452 years. The party was photographed at the house. Undertaker Henry Rossman had charge of the funeral.

THOMAS L. WAPLE.

Thomas L. Waple, father of Charles M. Waple, formerly of Philipsburg and now of Tyrone, died in Philipsburg on Wednesday, September 28, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. Deceased was aged 73 years and was born in Maryland. Since his childhood he had lived in Centre and Clearfield counties. Surviving are the following children: Charles M., of Tyrone; William K., of Washington, D. C. and Mrs. Amos Owens, of Clearfield County. Four brothers and one sister also survive, as follows: James M., of Clearfield; Jared and Charles of Boggs, and John W., of Washington D. C. and Mrs. Annie McAlarney, of Ginter.

MRS. JOSEPH BRYANT.

Mrs. Joseph Bryant died at her late home, on Penn Street, on Sunday night, last, aged 57 years, 9 months and 7 days. Funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Rev. Fred W. Barry, pastor of the Lutheran church, officiating. Before her marriage Mrs. Bryant was Susan Stratton. She was a woman with many splendid qualities and was held in high regard by all who knew her. Surviving are a husband and three children, as follows: Samuel Bryant, Mrs. Samuel Felmlee and Mrs. Herman Cruse.

MRS. W. H. MOKLE.

Mrs. W. H. Mokle died on Wednesday, September 28th., at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Smith, at State College, burial being made on Friday. Deceased was aged 72 years 4 months and 16 days and is survived by one son John Mokle, of Howard, and two daughters, Mrs Henry Webb, of Ohio, and Mrs. Smith. One sister, Mrs. Lucy Ray, of Lemont, and two brothers, Cornelius Houts of Lemont, and Rev. Mr. Houts, of Selinsgrove, also survive. Her husband died about one month ago.

JAMES F. REDDING.

James F. Redding died on Tuesday of last week at his late home at Binghamton, N. Y., after an extended illness. Deceased at one time lived at Philipsburg, where he was employed in the Hoover & Hughes planing mill. He was born in Rush township and was aged 49 years. Surviving are a widow and the following brothers and sisters: Thomas P., Chester Hill; John H., Altoona; Mrs. Thomas Beshan, Cumberland, Md., and Mrs. Michael Quaine, Montrose.

MRS. MARY BAIRD.

Mrs. Mary Baird, wife of Smith Baird, a prominent resident of Osceola, died at her late home at that place, on Thursday, last, aged 80 years. Deceased was a native of Ireland and for the last 40 years has resided at Osceola. Surviving are a husband and two sons, Arthur and Lawshe, both of Osceola, and two daughters, Mrs. Carrie McGaughey and Mrs. Lynn Dorr, of Clearfield.

MRS. MARY W. LINN.

Mrs. Mary Williams Linn, wife of G. Britian Linn, died on Friday, last, at her late home, at Beech Creek. She had been an invalid for a number of years. Surviving are a husband, three sons and two daughters. Funeral services were held on Sunday.

QUALITY vs. QUANTITY

The Royal Union is a small Company. It has never wanted to be the biggest, but has always earnestly striven to be the best. Holders of matured policies say that we have accomplished our desire. Mere size counts for nothing. There is a big difference between the size of a pumpkin and of a four carat diamond. There is also a big difference in the value and quality of the article. There is quality about the Royal Union. Any Insurance Commissioner will tell you this.

The Royal Union Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

OF DEMOINES, IA.,

JAMES I. THOMPSON,
GENERAL AGENT,
LEMONT, PENNA.

Silk-Lined Fall Overcoats

Next time you are feeling a bit prosperous, come around and slip on one of our Silk-lined Overcoats.

We've Silk-lined and Silk-lined-to-the-edge fall coats, in black and Oxford gray. They are handsome. As low as $10, serge-lined--as high as $25, silk-lined.

Montgomery & Co.

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